

# Other Rural





# Site Allocations Assues and Options November 2013

This document includes those topics considered most relevant as local issues and options for new site allocations in the Other Rural area. Topics which affect the Borough as a whole are located within the Borough wide Allocations discussion document, they are intended to be read in conjunction with each other.



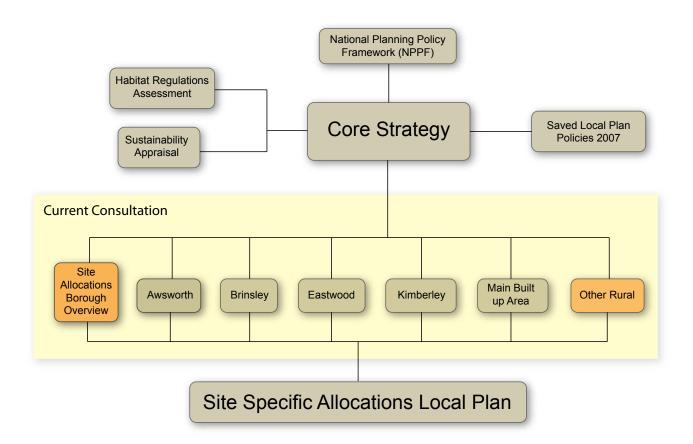
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### Introduction

- o1.1.1 Broxtowe Borough Council has prepared a set of documents setting out the issues and options that affect the Key Settlements within the Borough. This document relates to the Other Rural areas and land Adjacent to Hucknall in Broxtowe, which consists of sites within 'Cossall and Kimberley', 'Greasley (Giltbrook and Newthorpe)', 'Nuthall East and Strelley', 'Nuthall West and Greasley' and 'Trowell' wards. It is a discussion document which invites your views on the most appropriate development sites to meet Broxtowe's development needs up to 2028.
- o1.1.2 The Broxtowe Core Strategy (expected to be adopted by early 2014) contains the strategic policies for the Borough including the amount and distribution of development in general terms. The responses received from this set of documents will feed into a future Site specific Allocations local plan which seeks to deliver the Core Strategy aims and will specify the location of new development in the Borough. This is shown in the diagram below.

Diagram 1: How the Other Rural Site Allocations document fits in with other Local Plan documents in Broxtowe.



o1.1.3 The schedule and plans that follow are taken from the Broxtowe Core Strategy which was published in June 2012 and is subject to an ongoing public examination this year.

# Independent Greater Nottingham Sustainable Locations for Growth study (February 2010) Tribal summary

o2.1.1 In February 2010 the Greater Nottingham Sustainable Locations for growth study was published. This is a shared study between all the Greater Nottingham Council's and was undertaken by independent consultants. The summary for Other Rural is shown below.

Settlement	Overall suitability for growth	Potential scale of growth	Potential directions of growth	
Rest of Broxtowe North	Low	Low	N/A	

Dood of Duoudouse North							
	Rest of Broxtowe North						
G Geo-environ I Infrastructur HM Housing Mar	d Accessibility mental e Capacity & Potential ket Factors	GB T G					
		A traffic light system has been used whereby green indicates a high score for each criteria. Arrows indicate potential directions for growth.					
Potential direction of growth N / A							
Benefits of growth  Significant potential for rege Some infrastructure capacity		eneration-linked development ty to support growth					
Constraints to growth  • River Erewash floodplain • Grade 2 agricultural land • Unsustainable on transport • Low levels of local employm		t grounds ment outside major settlements					
Summary	unsustainable. However hous area. Potential large developm overwhelming environmental or Scale: The assessment has constraints to growth, particular agricultural land would need to	h. Development outside existing settlements would be sing growth could support regeneration in deprived nent site east of Awsworth / south of Kimberley. No onstraints away from the River Erewash floodplain.  shown that there is little potential for growth. The plarty the River Erewash floodplain, and Grade 2 to be taken into consideration. Applying growth would need to set the remarks from built up areas. This generates the state of the state					
to be proportionate, given its location remote from built-up areas. This asses and any specific proposals for growth would need to be rigorously tested through preparation of Local Development Frameworks.							

## **Characteristics of Other Rural**

#### o3.1 History of rural Broxtowe

- o3.1.1 People have lived in the area since early times for three prime reasons rich agricultural land, the proximity of the Rivers Trent and Erewash and the availability of natural building materials. The extensive and easily-mined coal deposits also had an important effect on the development of industry in the North of the borough.
- o3.1.2 In the Middle Ages, tenant farming was prevalent and common pasture land was used for cattle. The system changed little until the early 17th century and the Enclosure Act of the 19th century.
- o3.1.3 During the reigns of Henry VIII and Edward VI the Crown took over numerous small properties and by the end of the 16th century most of the lands had changed hands. The Enclosure Act, where the ownership of agricultural land became more rigorously defined, did not come into effect in Nottingham until the early 19th century. One important consequence was that newly-evolving factories were built around, rather than in, Nottingham as land became available for development, making the main built up area in Broxtowe and therefore less rural area. The early trades were mainly rural but, following the invention of the stocking frame, a new cottage industry arose.
- o3.1.4 In the north, the rich coal deposits were worked as early as 1485 and were beginning to be exploited by the end of the 18th century as factories demanded steam power. As the mines expanded transport systems developed and urbanised Broxtowe.

# o3.2 Current Statistical Profile (as taken from 2011 Census) o3.2.1 Cossall and Kimberley

Chart 1: Total Population 6659

Chart 2: Population Density

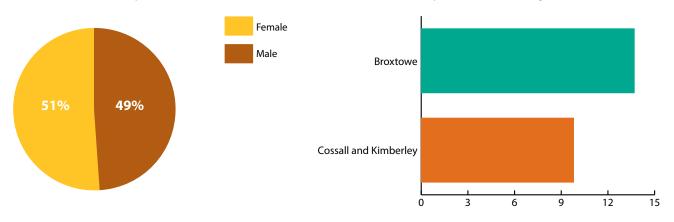
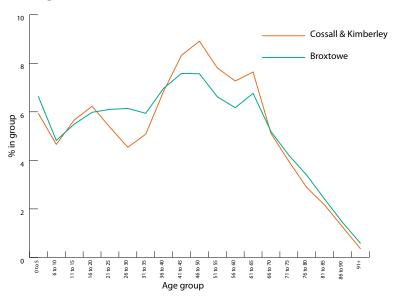


Chart 3: Percentage age profile, by age group, of Cossall and Kimberley compared to the Borough



- Cossall and Kimberley has a moderate to large population and a fairly low population density compared to other wards.
- > The average age of residents is 42 which is slightly higher than the average age for Broxtowe as a whole.
- ➤ Cossall and Kimberley has 2905 households of which 76% are owner occupied. The average household size is 2.29.
- ➤ 65% of the economically active population are employed. 17% of the economically inactive are retired which is close to the average for Broxtowe as a whole.
- ➤ As a measure of deprivation, 53 households have reported that they are without central heating. 19% of households do not own a car which is lower than the average for Broxtowe.
- ➤ A relatively large proportion (97%) define their ethnic origin as White British with other ethnic groups relatively underrepresented.

#### o3.2.2 Greasley (Giltbrook and Newthorpe)

Chart 4: Total Population 6233

Chart 5: Population Density

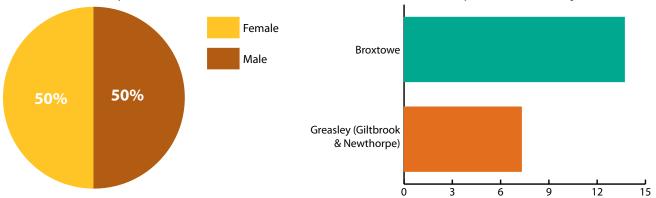
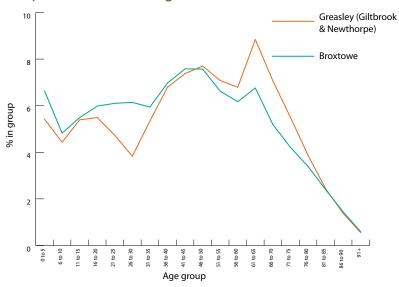


Chart 6: Percentage age profile, by age group, of Greasley (Giltbrook and Newthorpe) compared to the Borough



- > Greasley (Giltbrook and Newthorpe) has a moderate to high population but a low population density when compared to other wards in Broxtowe.
- ➤ The average age of residents is 44.4 which is fairly significantly higher than the average age for Broxtowe as a whole suggesting an ageing population.
- ➤ Greasley has 2677 households of which 88% are owner occupied. The average household size is 2.33.
- ➤ 63% of the economically active population are employed. 22% of the economically inactive population is retired which is high compared to 16.5% for Broxtowe as a whole which is reflective of the older than average population.
- ➤ As a measure of deprivation 27 household are without central heating. Only 14% of households do not own a car or van which is quite significantly lower than the average for the Borough of 22%.
- ➤ A large proportion (97%) define their origin as White British with other ethnic groups relatively underrepresented.

#### o3.2.3 Nuthall East and Strelley

Chart 7: Total Population 5238

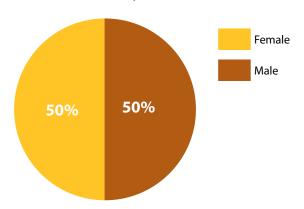
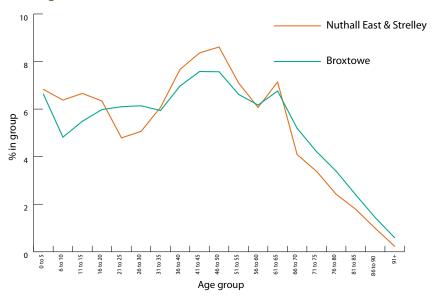


Chart 8: Percentage age profile, by age group, of Nuthall East and Strelley compared to the Borough



- Nuthall East and Strelley has a moderate population and a relatively low population density when compared to other Broxtowe wards.
- > The average age is 39.3 which is lower than the average age for Broxtowe as a whole.
- Nuthall East and Strelley has 2022 households of which 88% are owner occupied.
- ➤ 68% of the economically active population are employed. 14% of the economically inactive population are retired compared to 16.5% for Broxtowe as a whole which is reflective of the relatively young population.
- As a measure of deprivation 19 households are without central heating. 8% of households do not have a car or van which is significantly lower than the average for Broxtowe as a whole (21.6%).
- > 78% of the residents describe their ethnic origin as White British which is significantly lower than other wards in Broxtowe suggesting that Nuthall East and Strelley has a multi-cultural population. In particular British Indian Asians have a relatively high representation.

#### o3.2.4 Nuthall West and Greasley (Watnall)



#### Chart 10: Population Density

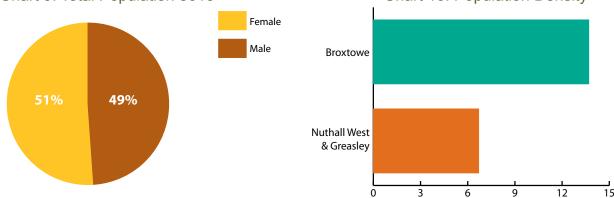
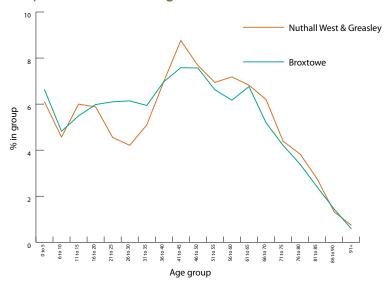


Chart 11: Percentage age profile, by age group, of Nuthall West and Greasley (Watnall) compared to the Borough



- ➤ Nuthall West and Greasley has a moderate population and a low population density when compared to other wards in Broxtowe.
- ➤ The average age of residents is 43 which is fairly high compared to other wards in Broxtowe.
- Nuthall West and Greasley has 2146 households of which 75% are owner occupied. The average household size is 2.34.
- ➤ 63% of the economically active population are employed. 19% of the economically inactive population are retired.
- ➤ As a measure of deprivation 34 households are without central heating and 18% do not own a car or van which is lower than average for the Borough.
- ▶ 95% of the population define their ethnic origin as White British which is higher than average for the Borough suggesting other ethnic groups are relatively underrepresented.

Chart 12: Total Population 2378

Chart 13: Population Density

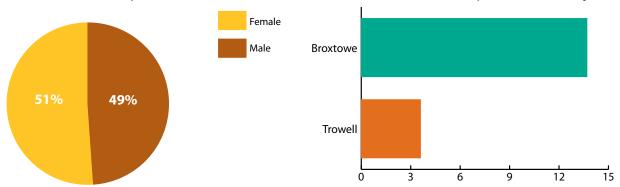
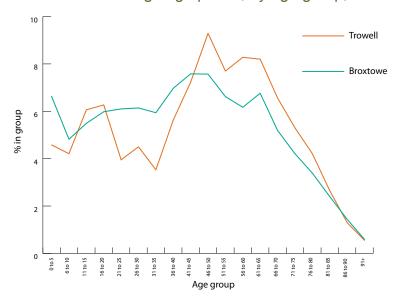
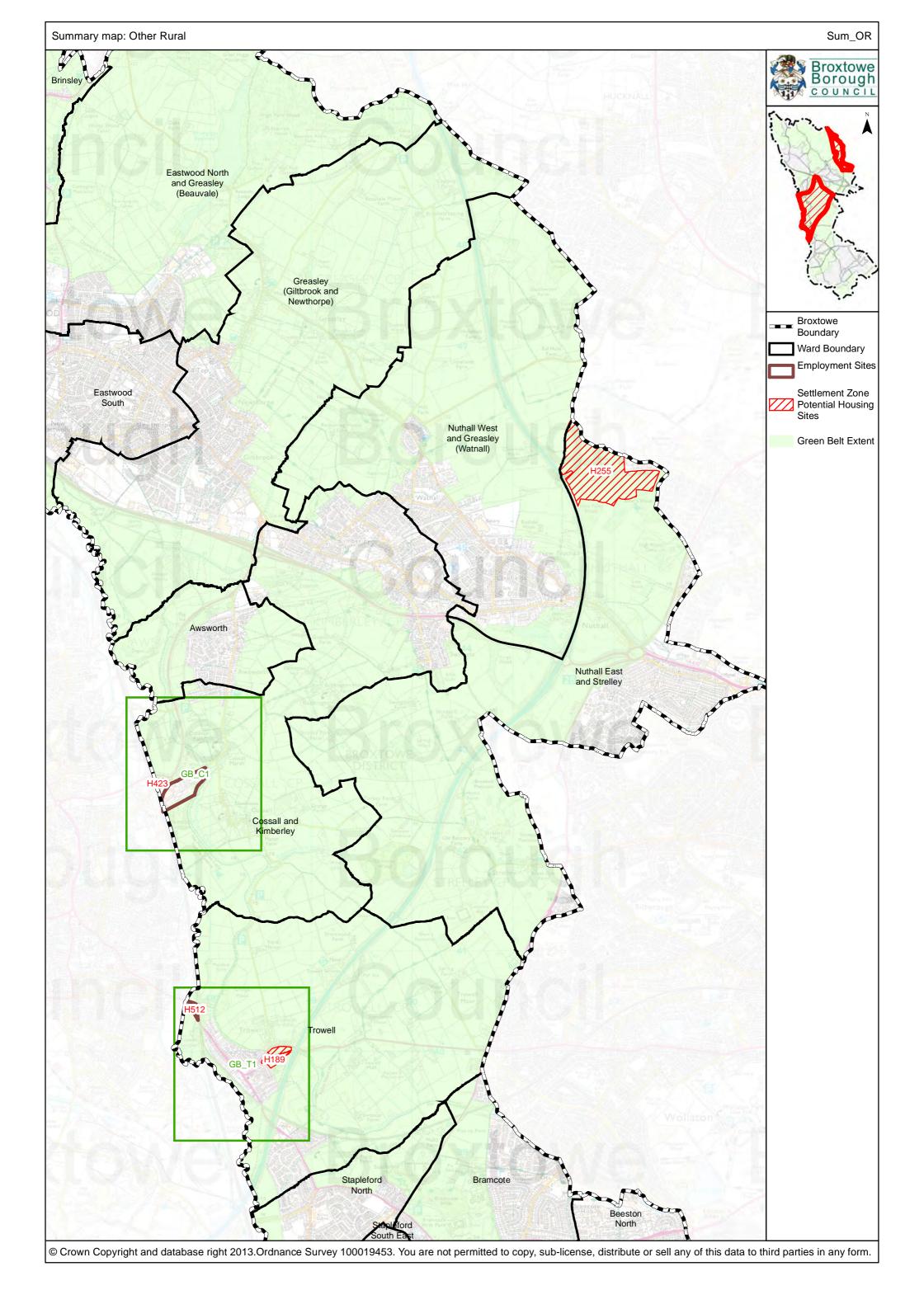


Chart 14: Percentage age profile, by age group, of Trowell compared to the Borough



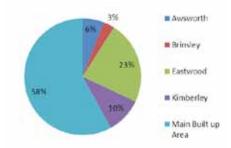
- Trowell has a relatively low population and population density when compared to other Broxtowe wards.
- ➤ The average age is 44.9 which are the highest in Broxtowe indicating an ageing population.
- ➤ Trowell has 1007 households of which 90% are owner occupied. The average household size is 2.36.
- ➤ 64 % of the economically active population are employed. 21% of the economically inactive population are retired compared to 16.5% for Broxtowe as a whole, which is reflective of the older than average population.
- As a measure of deprivation, 12 households have reported they are without central heating and 11.7% do not own a car or van both of which are low for the borough.
- > A large proportion (95%) defines their ethnic origin as White British with other ethnic groups relatively underrepresented

o3.2.6 The map on the following page shows the potential development sites in and around the other rural area.



**New Housing** 

Chart 15: Proportion of development required by Settlement Area to meet the need set out in the Core Strategy



#### o4.1 Housing Delivery Assessment:

o4.1.1 Table 1 below shows a summary of the total number of dwellings left to be found in the Other Rural areas over the next 15 years. The Core Strategy sets no requirements for dwellings to be built in Other Rural or Adjacent Hucknall areas of the borough. Since 2011 no dwellings have been built, however space for 2 dwellings have been found on sites within the existing urban area. As there is no dwelling requirement for this area every dwelling built will reduce the overall number of dwellings required within the borough.

Table 1:

	Number of Dwellings
Core Strategy Other Rural Requirement	0
Less total number of dwellings complete 2011-2013	0
Less existing known urban sites (already counted towards the total found)	-2
Total left to find in the rest of the borough	-2

o4.1.2 Table 2 shows in more detail the 2 dwellings from known sites found within the existing urban area of Other Rural area. For a full list of all of the sites please see the Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA) 2013.

Table 2: Urban Sites

Existing known Sites (Already Counted towards the total found)					
Site Status	Total Number of Dwellings				
Sum of sites with planning permission and/or under construction	2				
Sub Total	2				

o4.1.3 Table 3 shows the potential choice of sites and total number of dwellings that could be achieved from sites located within the Green Belt. Please note that as the outstanding requirement is 0 dwellings none of these Green Belt sites are required, however their development would reduce overall number of dwellings required in other Key Settlements in the borough. The Green Belt sites were ranked against each other in terms of meeting certain criteria as shown in the colour-code below.

#### Key:

Assessed as meeting all three criteria			
Assessed as meeting two criteria			
Assessed as meeting zero or one criteria			

Table 3: Green Belt Sites

	Three Criteria					
SHLAA Site Ref	Site Name	Ward	Total	Settlement Recommended in Tribal	Direction for Growth Recommended in Tribal	Defensible Physical Boundary assessed by Broxtowe Borough Council
	Allocation options	s deemed 'C	ould be s	uitable if Green Belt policy ch	nanges'	
189	Land At Smithfield Avenue Trowell	Trowell	70	No	No	Yes in part – M1 to East, school to South
513	Land Belonging To Stubbing Wood Farm Watnall Road Watnall	Nuthall West and Greasley	66	Yes - High suitability, high scale	No	Yes in part - Starth Wood to south-west
	Site Deer	med Unsuita	ble (Non	Deliverable or Developable)		
214	North and West of Asworth Lane Cossall	Cossall and Kimberley	-	-	-	-
216	Lee Sisson And Co Ltd Newtons Lane Cossall	Cossall and Kimberley	-	-	-	-
121	Shortwood Farm Trowell	Cossall and Kimberley	-	-	-	-
122	Robbinetts Awsworth	Nuthall East and Strelley	-	-	-	-
223	Adjacent To The Forge Trowell	Trowell	-	-	-	-
224	East of Cossall Road Trowell	Trowell	-	-	-	-
233	Land To The West of Cossall Road Trowell	Trowell	-	-	-	-
235	Land East of M1 Watnall	Nuthall West and Greasley	-	-	-	-
255	New Farm Lane, Nuthall	Nuthall West and Greasley	-	-	-	-
334	Land West of Cossall Road Trowell	Trowell	-	-	-	-
362	North of Coronation Road Cossall	Cossall and Kimberley	-	-	-	-
370	East of Motorway / North of Long Lane Watnall	Nuthall West and Greasley	-	-	-	-
423	Land Adjacent To Allotments Coronation Road Cossall	Cossall and Kimberley	-	-	-	-
425	East Of Motorway/South Of Long Lane Watnall	Nuthall East and Strelley	-	-	-	-

				Three Criteria		
SHLAA Site Ref	Site Name	Ward	Total	Settlement Recommended in Tribal	Direction for Growth Recommended in Tribal	Defensible Physical Boundary assessed by Broxtowe Borough Council
472	Cossall Industrial Estate Soloman Road Cossall	Cossall and Kimberley	-	-	-	-
512	Eagle Mill Ilkeston Road Trowell	Trowell	-	-	-	-
251	Near The Common, Hucknall (field 9758)	Greasley (Giltbrook and Newthorpe)	-	-	-	-

o4.1.4 The following are extracts for Other Rural are from the Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (http://www.broxtowe.gov.uk/index.aspx?articleid=12582) for you to consider in selecting sites for allocation in the local plan. Please consider the potential numbers of houses from the sites in order to meet the strategic need in Other rural and when the houses could probably be delivered to meet the rolling five year housing supply required by the Government.

Site Ref	Site Name	Delivery	Potential Number of Dwellings	Pages
513	Land Belonging To Stubbing Wood Farm Watnall Road Watnall	Could be suitable if policy changes	66	16-17
189	Land At Smithfield Avenue Trowell	Could be suitable if policy changes	70	18-19

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Could be suitable if policy changes

#### **Published Site Constraints**

Site Reference: 513 Land Belonging To Stubbing Wood Farm Watnall

Significant policy constraint which may be removed in the long term

Site Area 3.32 Easting: 0 Northing: 0

N/A

Planning Policy Status

Non-allocated and No Planning Permission

Existing Use Agriculture

**Location** Adjacent to Hucknall

Previously developed in whole or part 100% Greenfield Site

**Material Planning Policy Considerations** 

except Land Use

Landscape Quality and Character

**Agricultural Land** 

Topographical Constraints Minor topographical constraints

Ridgelines and Site Prominence N/A

Highways Infrastucture Constraints Unknown

Utilites Water Unknown

Utilities Gas and Electricity Unknown

EIA N/A

Bad Neighbours Setting with no adverse effects

Flood Risk EA Maps suggest area at no risk from flooding

Natural Environmental Constraints

Ancient Woodland

Built Environmental Constraints

No Built Environment Constraints

Contaminated Land Issues

No Known Constraints

Conservation Area Status

Site is not within a designated Conservation Area and has no impact upon a

designated Conservation Area

No Pedestrian / Cycle routes nearby

Ownership Constraints

No ownership problems; all owners supporting development

Operational or Tenancy Issues

Site is Owner-Occupied

Info from Housing Market Moderate

Public Transport Accessibility No bus stops within 20 minute walk

Proximity to Tram Stops

No tram stops within 20 minute walk

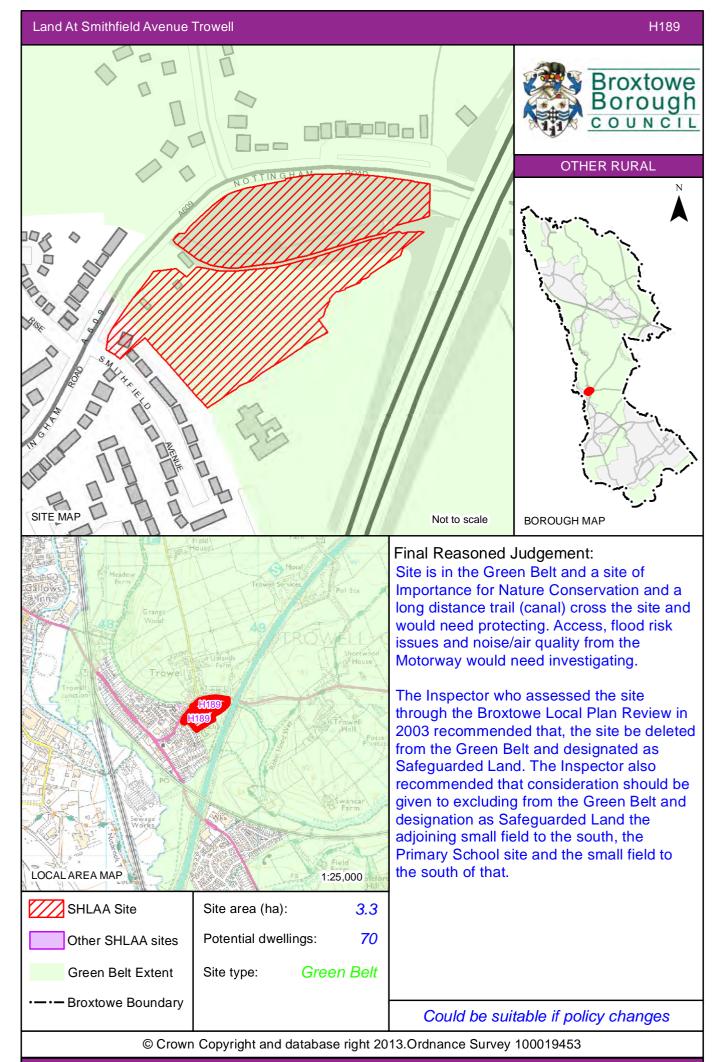
Facilities within the Locality

No facilities within 10-15 minute walk

Pedestrian and Cycling accessibility

to site

Green Infrastructure Public Benefit Public benefit through existing GI facility adjoining site



#### **Published Site Constraints**

Site Reference: 189 Land At Smithfield Avenue Trowell

**Site Area** 3.32 **Easting:** 448521 **Northing:** 339897

Planning Policy Status

Non-allocated and No Planning Permission

Existing Use Agricultural and canal

**Location** Adjacent named settlement as listed

Previously developed in whole or part 100% Greenfield Site

**Material Planning Policy Considerations** 

except Land Use

Landscape Quality and Character

Not part of a Mature Landscape Area / Canal runs through the site

Agricultural Land Ungraded

Topographical Constraints

Minor topographical constraints

Ridgelines and Site Prominence Visible from both the Canal and M1

Highways Infrastucture Constraints Unknown

Utilites Water Not likely to be an issue

Utilities Gas and Electricity Not likely to be an issue

**EIA** NA

Bad Neighbours Adjacent to the M1

Flood Risk EA Maps suggest area at no risk from flooding - but canal crosses the site

Natural Environmental Constraints

SINCs, RIGS present on site

Built Environmental Constraints

No Built Environment Constraints

Contaminated Land Issues

No Known Constraints

Conservation Area Status

Site is not within a designated Conservation Area and has no impact upon a

designated Conservation Area

Moderate number of basic pedestrian / cycle routes linking site to centres of

Significant policy constraint which may be removed in the long term

Ownership Constraints

Unknown

Operational or Tenancy Issues Unknown

Info from Housing Market Moderate

Public Transport Accessibility Within 5 minute walk of a bus stop

Proximity to Tram Stops

No tram stops within 20 minute walk

Facilities within the Locality

Village or local centre within 10-15 minute walk

Pedestrian and Cycling accessibility

to site

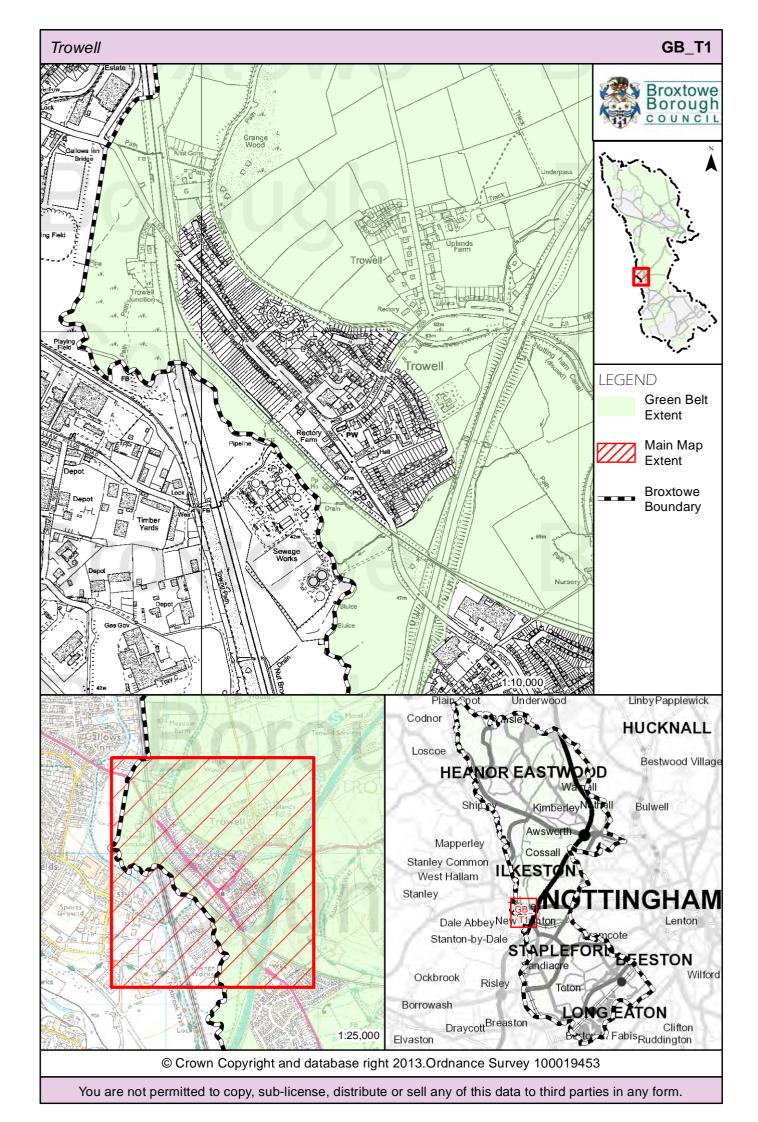
Green Infrastructure Public Benefit Public benefit through existing GI facility adjoining site

residence

# **Approach to the Green Belt**

o5.1.1 The following maps show the current extent of the Green Belt around Other Rural to help you consider whether the boundary is appropriate in accordance with national planning policy and whether it could be altered in the exceptional circumstances for development being reviewed in this plan.





# **Economic Issues/Job Creation**

o6.1.1 The following maps show Eastwood extracts from the Employment Land Availability Assessment in order for you to review and consider economic land uses in the area.



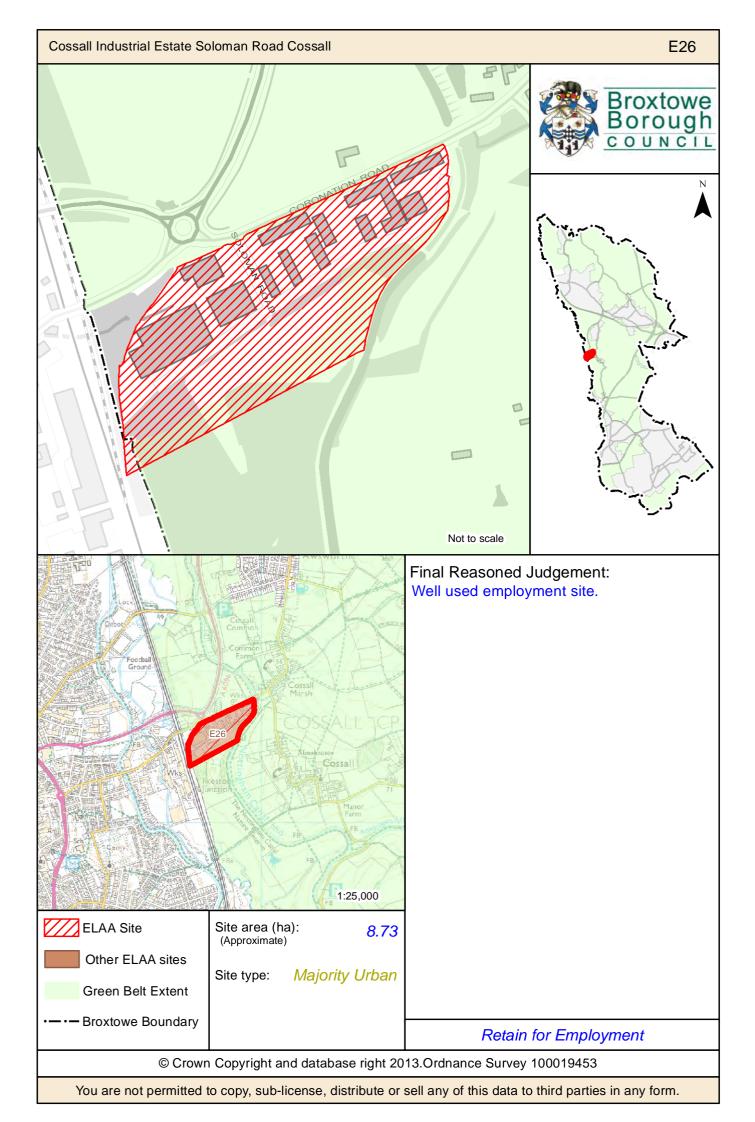
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#### **ELAA Sites**

**Workforce Catchment** 

**Eagle Mill Ilkeston Road Trowell** Site Reference: 25 Site Area 0.63 **Allocated Site** No **Existing B1 Use** No No **Existing B2 Use** No **Existing B8 Use** Yes Vacant Derelict site - original factory/mill burned down **Vacant Comment Topographical Constraints** Minor topographical constraints - flat site Trees/Landscaping Overhead powerlines/other constraints Age (Approx.) **Quality of Buildings Unit Size** Noise No **Noise Comments State of External Areas Parking** Railway to East and Ilkeston Road running NW of the site. **Adjacent Uses Wider Environmental Quality Access to Local Facilities for Workforce** Access to the site would be hard to achieve as on a blind bend **Access to Strategic Road Network** that slopes down to site. **Public Transport Provision** 

Yes



#### **ELAA Sites**

**Public Transport Provision** 

**Workforce Catchment** 

**Cossall Industrial Estate Soloman Road Cossall** Site Reference: 26 Site Area 8.73 **Allocated Site** No **Existing B1 Use** Yes Yes **Existing B2 Use** Yes **Existing B8 Use** Yes Vacant **Vacant Comment Topographical Constraints** Trees/Landscaping No significant landscaping Overhead powerlines/other constraints Yes Age (Approx.) Various ages **Quality of Buildings** Various quality **Unit Size** Mix of medium and small **Noise** No **Noise Comments State of External Areas Parking Adjacent Uses Wider Environmental Quality** Access to Local Facilities for Workforce Poor Reasonable **Access to Strategic Road Network** 

No

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Council Offices, Foster Avenue,
Beeston, Nottingham NG9 1AB
Tel: 0115 917 7777 Fax: 0115 917 3377
Email: planningpolicy@broxtowe.gov.uk
www.broxtowe.gov.uk