# Policy 32 – Developer Contributions:

ID	Organisation		
Duty to Co-operate / Interest Groups			
142	Historic England		
6276	Nottingham West Clinical		
	Commissioning Group		
211	Nottinghamshire County Council		
2316	Councillor MacRae		
6577	Chetwynd: The Toton and Chilwell		
	Neighbourhood Forum		
5908	Sustrans		
119	Home Builders Federation		
34	Nottinghamshire Wildlife Trust		
Developer / Landowner			
6053	The British Land Company Plc		
	(Represented by WYG)		
718	McCann & Co (Nottingham) Ltd		
	(Represented by Planning & Design		
	<u>Group)</u>		
Individual / Local Resident			
720	Pearson		



#### EAST MIDLANDS OFFICE

Mr Dave Lawson Broxtowe Borough Council

Our ref: PL00035448 3 November 2017

Dear Mr Lawson

#### **RE: BROXTOWE LOCAL PLAN PART 2 CONSULTATION**

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the above Plan in its current form. Historic England would wish to submit the following comments:

<u>Policy 3.1 - Chetwynd Barracks</u> - Key Development Aspiration 2 in respect of nondesignated heritage assets is welcomed and supported.

<u>Policy 4.1 - Land West of Awsworth</u> - It is noted that heritage assets are not mentioned in the policy or subsequent text when Grade II\* Bennerley Viaduct forms a key feature in relation to this site. It is recommended that a suitable sentence referring to the conservation or enhancement of heritage assets and their setting is made in the Key Development Requirements or the Key Development Aspirations for the avoidance of doubt.

<u>Policy 5.1 - East of Church Lane, Brinsley</u> - It is recommended that 'conserve' be used in place of 'preserve' with regard to the setting of St James' Church in line with NPPF terminology. It is noted that the site area has been reduced from that of the earlier consultation on the site in order to mitigate impact on heritage assets.

<u>Policy 6.1 - Walker Street, Eastwood</u> - The inclusion of the need to conserve views of DH Lawrence related heritage is welcomed and supported.

<u>Policy 18: Shopfronts, signage and security measures</u> - This policy is welcomed and supported since it will assist with the Council's endeavours to support the vitality of historic shopping centres in the Borough and enhancement of public realm.

<u>Policy 23: Proposals affecting designated and non-designated heritage assets</u> - In part 3c we recommend the use of 'conserve' rather than 'preserve' in line with NPPF terminology. Policy 23 would address the requirements of NPPF Para.139 in its current form. With regard to the supporting <u>Para 23.6</u> it is noted that the Plan states that 'heritage protection may be seen as a constraint to development'. We recommend that a balanced view is provided here in that heritage can also be seen as a positive element contributing to heritage led regeneration (*Historic England: Heritage Counts 2017*).





HistoricEngland.org.uk

Historic England is subject to the Freedom of Information Act. 2000 (FOIA) and Environmental Information Regulations 2004 (EIR). All information held by the organisation will be accessible in response to an information request, unless one of the exemptions in the FOIA or EIR applies.



#### EAST MIDLANDS OFFICE

<u>Policy 28: Green Infrastructure Assets</u> - The provisions of the policy and its justification text are welcomed.

<u>Policy 32: Developer Contributions</u> - Financial contributions can be required in situations where mitigation measures are required in respect of heritage assets or their setting, and/or where NPPF Para 139 sites are revealed but the policy does not currently include provision for this. As such it is recommended that criteria 'h) the historic environment, heritage assets and/or their setting' or a similar alternative is included within the policy. To exclude heritage from the list would make it very difficult to negotiate any mitigation that may be required to address any harm arising when it is known and expressed in the Plan that some of the allocation sites are likely to impact on heritage assets and/or setting.

We hope that this information is of use to you at this time. Should you have any queries, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours sincerely,







HistoricEngland.org.uk

Historic England is subject to the Freedom of Information Act. 2000 (FOIA) and Environmental Information Regulations 2004 (EIR). All information held by the organisation will be accessible in response to an information request, unless one of the exemptions in the FOIA or EIR applies.

# **NHS** Nottingham West Clinical Commissioning Group

NHS Nottingham West Clinical Commissioning Group



www.nottinghamwestccg.nhs.uk

Steffan Saunders Head of Neighbourhoods and Prosperity Directorate of Legal and Planning Services Council Offices Foster Avenue Beeston Nottingham NG9 1AB

30 October 2017

Dear Steffan

#### **Broxtowe Local Plan Part 2 Consultation**

Thank you for allowing us the opportunity to respond to your consultation document. New treatments and an aging population mean that pressures on services are greater than they have ever been, as people are living longer, often with very complex conditions. An increase in local population as a result of new housing developments compounds that pressure particularly on primary care - family doctor services. Having the right infrastructure in place in primary and community settings is crucial for the successful delivery of the Sustainability and Transformation Plan (STP) ambitions and the GP Forward View (GPFV). The ability to transform care and keep services sustainable will only be possible if efficient, fit-for-purpose, high quality facilities underpin the delivery of services.

Workforce recruitment for GPs in particular is paramount for sustaining quality general practice provision. Good quality fit for purpose primary care facilities are a key part of attracting the necessary workforce to support the existing and new population as a result of these housing developments.

In recent years there have been a number of developments approved which have had a major impact on our ability to provide primary care services. As a consequence we would like to work with the Borough Council to explore a better way of planning for care homes and retirement living facilities. We are often the last public sector organisation to find out that a care home is opening; a building has a change of use or that retirement facilities are being developed. 65% of the NHS budget is spent on the over 65s and understandably the elderly are the predominant users of health and social care services so the impact of such changes on the health and social care system are huge for a relatively small part of the population.

In terms of this consultation document, we have taken each of your options in turn and outlined our current position with regards to primary care facilities, indicating where we have areas of risk.



**NHS** Nottingham West Clinical Commissioning Group

#### Potential Site Allocations Sites Adjacent to the Main Urban Area

Policy: 3.1 Chetwynd Barracks 500 homes with potential for 800+ overall Land for Medical Centre required in	The potential for 800+ dwellings (with a maximum of 1,500) presents significant concern with respect to local health service provision. The nearest facilities for this development, and where patients are likely to
order to make plan effective and therefore sound	register, is Chilwell Valley & Meadows Surgeries which comprise a main surgery (Valley) which has no development potential; and a branch surgery (Meadows) which has some expansion potential.
	Based on 2.3 residents per dwelling we would anticipate an increased patient population of up to 3,500 patients if the total of 1,500 dwellings was achieved, which would require 2 full-time General Practitioners, over and above the current service provision.
	Given the size of this development and the potential for further development at Toton, together with the limited / non-existent expansion potential of the current facilities, we are to consider the option of a new Primary Care Centre for the Chilwell / Toton area subject to funding being made available. Therefore, in order for the plan for Chetwynd Barracks to be effective and sound, we request a reserved site within this development to provide primary care services to the residents of this area.
	We are not in a position to confirm the size of site required at this stage; however based on similar size developments it would be no more than 1 acre to serve a potential population of around 18,000 patients. Funding contributions should be sought through Section 106.
Policy: 3.2 Toton – 500+ homes	We understand that we have missed the opportunity to comment on this proposal as it stands currently at 500 homes. However, we consider that there may be further development in this area and would like to offer the following comments:
	The nearest facilities for this development is Chilwell Valley & Meadows Surgeries which comprise a main surgery (Valley) which has no development potential; and a branch surgery (Meadows) which has some expansion potential.
	We would like to consider any expansion to the Toton development over and above the original 500 houses alongside the Chetwynd Barracks development which



**NHS** Nottingham West Clinical Commissioning Group

	affects the same GP practice.
Policy: 3.3 & 3.4	The nearest facilities to these developments are Bramcote Surgery and Hickings Lane Medical Centre.
Bramcote, East of Coventry Lane	
300 homes Stapleford, West of Coventry Lane 240 homes	Hickings Lane Medical Centre has recently extended the surgery to take account of the new resident population generated by 450 dwellings (a potential of 1,035 residents based on 2.3 residents per dwelling) at Field Farm. There is potential to further expand this facility.
	Bramcote Surgery is a purpose built facility with some potential for small scale development which could assist with the expansion of patient population from these two developments.
	We are also aware of discussions regarding the development of the old Bramcote Hills Golf Course for retirement / continuing care privately owned units. This will, if it goes ahead, compound capacity issues within the existing practices.
	We ask the Borough Council to request on our behalf a Section 106 contribution to support the expansion to the physical capacity of these existing facilities in order to provide health services to the additional 1,242 residents these developments will attract.

Beeston (339 homes / 780 residents)	There are four GP practices providing healthcare to
	the residents of Beeston; Abbey Medical Centre, The
Policy: 3.5	Manor Surgery, The Oaks Medical Centre and West
Seven Trent (Lilac Grove), Beeston	End Surgery.
150 homes	
	The Oaks Medical Centre is currently undergoing an
Policy: 3.6	extension to their purpose built facility in response to
Beeson Maltings, 56 homes	the planned housing developments underway in
	Beeston. However, the future developments as
Policy: 3.7 Cement Depot Beeston, 21	outlined in the Local Plan Part 2 whilst not significant
homes	when considered alone, need to be considered in its
	entirety together with what is underway and will have
Policy: 3.8 Wollaton Road, Beeston, 12	significant impact upon the physical capacity of
homes	practices to provide health services. There is some
	potential for small scale developments to assist with
Policy: 11	this further expansion of the patient population in
Beeston Square, 100 homes (minimum)	particular from the Seven Trent and Beeston Square
Deesion Square, 100 nomes (minimum)	developments.
	We would ask for a Section 106 contribution to be
	we would ask for a Section for contribution to be

Nottingham West Clinical Commissioning Group: 12 GP practices working together with local people as Nottingham West to develop and deliver new services to improve health and wellbeing



available to this locality to increase the physica clinical space required to meet the needs of this increase in population over and above that already underway as part of The Oaks Medical Centre expansion.	
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Policy: 4.1 Awsworth West of Awsworth (inside the bypass) 250 homes Policy: 5.1 Brinsley East of Church Lane 110 homes	The nearest facilities to this development and where patients are likely to register are Church St Medical Centre and Church Walk Surgery in Eastwood. See below for details of the Eastwood joint public services proposed development to meet the needs of this increase in population.
Policy: 6.1 Eastwood 200 homes + 30 Extra Care Units Walker Street, Eastwood (Map 24) Land for Medical Centre required in order to make plan effective and therefore sound	A new health centre for Eastwood is the CCG's top priority within its Strategic Estates Plan. The old Eastwood Health Centre was considered no longer fit for purpose and has been recently disposed of resulting in there being no local facilities for extended, community based health services in Eastwood. Both GP practices in Eastwood are in separate facilities which can no longer be extended. They are intending to merge into one practice as of April 2018 to provide GP services to 20,000 local residents. We have been working with Nottinghamshire County Council, the land owners, on the preferred solution which would be a One Public Estate public services hub incorporating a new health facility on the Walker Street site (Map 24). Alongside library services and third sector organisations this new facility would also house the two merged GP practices (Church Street Medical Centre and Church Walk Surgery in Eastwood) plus supporting community health service provision. In order that the plan for Eastwood is effective and therefore sound, part of the Walker Street site must be allocated for a new, purpose built health facility to sit behind the existing library with direct access to the main road with its public transport links ensuring it is easily accessible to the community. A one acre site is required (GIA 2000m2 of two or three storeys dependent upon meeting planning requirements). Direct vehicular access would be required to Walker Street if the site is also identified as the preferred site for a co-



Nottingham West Clinical Commissioning Group

	located blue light service base. Funding contributions should be sought for this development through Section 106.
Kimberley (167 homes / 385 residents)	The nearest facility to these developments is Hama
	Medical Centre, Kimberley. This is a purpose built
Policy: 7.1 Kimberley Depot	facility with potential to expand through internal re-
105 homes	organisation of rooms changing their use from clinical to non-clinical physical space.
Policy: 7.2 South of Eastwood Road	
40 homes	We would ask for a Section 106 contribution to be requested in order to increase the physical
Policy: 7.3 Eastwood Road Builders Yard 22 homes	clinical space required to meet the demands of the increase in population brought about by the housing developments.

In summary, we have considered the impact on our existing facilities for each of the potential developments detailed in the Local Plan Part 2. Our main challenges are:

- Policy: 6.1 Eastwood where we have had extended discussions with Nottinghamshire County Council regarding a public sector hub and require a site of 1 acre to be reserved on the Walker Street site for this;
- Policy: 3.1 Chetwynd Barracks / Policy: 3.2 Toton where we will do more work on a potential hub servicing this area but would ask for a reserved site on the Barracks site to be identified for a potential health facility;
- The impacts of other developments in the plan are of a smaller scale and could be resolved by relatively modest extensions and/or internal re-design. For these we ask for Section 106 contributions to fund the necessary works to meet the health needs of the increase in population.

I hope you find this of use in your considerations. Please let me know if you need any further information.

Yours sincerely



NHS Nottingham West CCG



# Details

Agent		
Please provide your client's name		
Your Details		
Title		
Name		
Organisation (If responding on behalf of an organisation)	Nottinghamshire County Council	
Address		
Telephone Number		
Email Address		
Would you like to be contacted regarding future planning policy consultations?	Yes	
If you wish to comment on more than one issue you will need to submit a form for each representation.		

# Policy relates to

Please specify what your comment relates to					
Policy number	Page number	Policy text/ Paragraph number	Policies Map	-	Other (e.g. omission, evidence document etc.)
32: Developer Contributions					

Question 1: What does your comment relate to? Please specify exactly

# **Question 2**

Question 2: What is the issue with the Local Plan?	
Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be:	
2.1 Legally compliant	Yes
2.2 Compliant with the duty to co-operate	Yes
2.3 Sound	Yes

# Additional details

Please give details of why you consider this part of	The County Council believe that the IDP should be referenced in policy 32 to
the Local Plan is not legally compliant, is unsound or	demonstrate the range of infrastructure which will be sought.
does not comply with the duty to co-operate.	
Alternatively, if you wish to support any of these	
aspects please provide details.	

# **Question 4**

Question 4: Modifications sought	
Please set out what modification(s) you consider necessary to make the Local Plan legally compliant	The following comments relate to detailed comments on the IDP for clarity and for correction
or sound. You will need to say why this modification will make the Local Plan legally compliant or sound.	Education
	• Pages 17 – 20, Paras 4.42 – 4.55 - NCC would contend that accessible, attractive and sufficient education facilities should be seen as critical elements of infrastructure in the effective delivery of housing sites. Where sites are planned without reference to adequate and appropriate education provision they will be subject to challenge and
	<ul><li>unlikely to be attractive to potential developers;</li><li>Page 19 - Bramcote planning area built out should be amended to include Albany</li></ul>
	Junior School; • Page 20 - Under Eastwood Grassley Beauvale Infants should be Greasley Beauvale
	Infants;
	<ul> <li>Page 20, Para 4.54 – This paragraph makes reference to the need for a replacement secondary school. Further discussions are required with NCC to confirm the approach</li> </ul>
	to education provision as part of this site;
	<ul> <li>Page 20, Para 4.55 – This paragraph states that "Whilst school place provision is not physical 'show-stopper' for development, the provision of school places or new schools is important in facilitating sustainable development." The County Council disagree with this statement and consider that the provision of school places is a showstopper for</li> </ul>
	Education and Pupil Place Planning This needs to be proceeded by the Borough Council;
	• Appendix 1 – General comment – The County Council request that following text is inserted into column 3 of the education section of the table in respect of all the sites
	which are being are identified for allocation "This will require both authorities to work together to masterplan appropriate solutions."
	Page 37 – This section relates to the critical infrastructure needed for site at Chetwyr
	Barracks. The position stated in the document reflects the County Council's position when the numbers at Chetwynd Barracks were 500. The number of dwellings have
	increased to 800 so our response will remain the same new but an even bigger school will be required with land and full cost recovery;
	<ul> <li>Pages 45 – This section relates to the critical infrastructure needed for site at Toton</li> </ul>
	Strategic Location for Growth. The County Council's response will remain the same but an even bigger school will be required with land and full cost recovery;
	Page 51 – This section relates to the critical infrastructure needed for site at Bramcol
	(East of Coventry Lane). As stated above in respect of paragraph 4.54; further discussions are required with NCC to confirm the approach to education provision as
	part of this site;
	• Page 55, 60, 65, 69, 72, 76, 80, 83, 88, 91 and 98 – These sections relate to the critical infrastructure needed for site at Stapleford (West of Coventry Lane). The
	County Council agree with what is stated about education however please refer to above general comment regarding appendix 1 and the additional text to be added to
	column 3; • Page 98 - This section relates to the critical infrastructure needed for site at The
	Square, Beeston. The County Council agree with what is stated. However this was no part of the original list of sites we commented on. The comment remains the same but
	due to the increased numbers of houses the school will need to be bigger so NCC will need more land and a higher contribution
	Flood Risk Management
	In paragraph 4.15 on page 13 there is reference to the Environment Agency and "greenfield" rates. NCC now cover surface water issues as Lead Local Flood Authority (LLFA). It is therefore requested that an amendment is made to the document to reflect the surface water is also as a surface to the document to reflect the surface as the s
	this. It is also requested that the statement about Greenfield rates is removed as this is a little ambiguous.
	Libraries
	The County Council will no longer be seeking contributions to library facilities for the

planned developments listed in Appendix 1 of the IDP as this cannot be presently
justified with reference to library capacity and stock levels

# **Question 5**

Question 5: Public Examination Attendance	
If your representation is seeking a modification, do you consider it necessary to participate at the public examination?	Yes
If you wish to participate at the public examination, please outline why you consider this to be necessary	To help contribute to the discussion and help clarify any points raised for the Planning Inspector.

From: Sent: To: Subject: Councillor Richard MacRae 03 November 2017 15:40 Policy; Saunders, Steffan The Part 2 Local Plan

I am sending in my comments and concerns regards Part 2 Local Plan as they need to be in before 5pm today.

I do not feel that more development should take place on the West of Coventry Lane as this will also join up with the development on Field Farm, I find it sad that the Council never made it clear they own the land behind Bramcote Crematorium in the past. There is already enough development taking place in this area, also the Stapleford Neighbourhood Plan has suggested alternative sites for development, this should be taken into consideration.

Attention was drawn to comments made on page 12 of the document re 'Employment where it was stated that 'Broxtowe was a thriving and vibrant place with access to services jobs and opportunities for all.' The Meeting saw no evidence for this statement. Likewise, the comments relating to 'Community Safety' where Members were concerned there was no evidence to justify this statement or proposals of how the aspirations would be achieved.

I am aware Stapleford Town Council have submitted the above and I have to say I fully agree with the statement, Community Safety and Broxtowe will be a safe place, sadly this is something that many people in Stapleford do not feel at the minute, anti social behaviour and drugs are a major issue that need to be tackled asap, apart from a lot of talking we are not seeing much evidence of anything being done and most of the people causing these issues sad to say are Council Tenants, breach of Tenancy Agreement comes to mind.

Regarding HS2 again the Town Council have said the following **Not enough attention was being paid to the opportunities that would arise with the development of HS2 and associated projects.** And again I fully agree and it would seem meetings have taken place yet Stapleford Councillors and local residents who will of course be affected have not been invited to such meetings. One reason I proposed the Town Council set up a HS2 Working Group.

#### With regard to 'Health and well-being', page 16 point viii) this was an area that concerned the Town Council as there appeared to be an absence of proposals to achieve the improved health and wellbeing of the Town's residents or make any positive suggestions for the development of new community facilities within the Town.

Again the above is what the Town Council have said and i am very disappointed that with the future closure of the Stapleford Community Centre there is no mention of any improvements to any other Community facilities, it would be good to put all efforts into the regeneration of the Pavilion on Hickings Lane Recreation Group and also the play area too, it is a lost opportunity and a great place which could do with improvements all around. maybe using section 106 funding.

Also the Speed Humps in Stapleford need to be removed, this would be a huge benefit to the businesses are more people would drive through Stapleford instead of around the Town Centre. Also removing htem would help with improving the Air Quality in the Town Centre.

Talking of the Town Centre it is about time the boundary was extended to include all the shop from Halls Road down to Bessell Lane, instead of shrinking the area.

There is no way for people to get regular transport from Stapleford North Ward up to the Tram Terminus on Toton Lane, Stapleford and there is no Bus to or from Stapleford in the evening to get to and back from Beeston at all.

I would also like to see the development of affordable housing on future developments increased as the current 10% figure is to low especially when compared to other areas.

There is no mention of development and regeneration of the Walter Parker VC Memorial Square on Derby Road, another missed opportunity as at the minute is is to cluttered, I did actually speak to Phil Horsefield about this and as far as i am aware he passed on my ideas to Ryan Dawson. I hope these can be considered in more detail.

Many thanks

Councillor Richard MacRae Stapleford North Ward

Katalan Katala

Virus-free. www.avg.com

# Broxtowe Part 2 Local Plan

# Agent

Please provide your client's name
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# **Your Details**

Title	
Name	
Organisation (if responding on behalf of the organisation)	Chetwynd: The Toton and Chilwell Neighbourhood Forum
Address	
Postcode	
Tel Number	
E-mail address	

# Comments should be received by 5.00pm on Friday 3 November 2017

If you wish to comment on several policies, paragraphs, or sites, please use a separate form for each representation.

If you would like to be future consultations.	contacted	by the Planning Policy Team regarding
Please tick here	Yes	

Please help us save money and the environment by providing an e-mail address that correspondence can be sent to:

Document	Policy number	Page no	Policy text / para no.
	Policy 1: Flood Risk	20	Para 1.4
	Policy 2: Site Allocations		
	Policy 3: Main Built up Area: Policy 3.1	30	Pol 3.1, Para 3.5
	Policy 3: Main Built up Area: Policy 3.2	81	Para 3b.6, 3b.7
	Policy 4: Awsworth		
	Policy 5: Brinsley		
	Policy 6: Eastwood		
	Policy 7: Kimberley		
	Policy 8: Development of Green Belt		
_	Policy 9: Retention ofemployment sites		
	Policy 10: Town Centre uses		
<u>a</u>	Policy 11: The Square, Beeston		
Local Plan	Policy 12: Edge of Centre, Eastwood		
	Policy 13: Proposals		
	Policy 14: Centre		
ŏ	Policy 15: Housing size, mix and choice		
Ľ	Policy 16: Gypsies and Travellers		
	Policy 17: Place-making, design & amenity	111	Pols 1, 2
Part 2	Policy 18: Shopfronts		
Ļ	Policy 19: Pollution, Hazardous Substances		
al	Policy 20: Air Quality		
à	Policy 21: Unstable land		
	Policy 22: Minerals		
	Policy 23: Proposals affecting designated	124, 125	Para 23.1, 23.2, 23.5
	Policy 24: The health impacts of		
	Policy 25: Culture, Tourism and Sport	152	Pol 1, 2 Para 25.1
	Policy 26: Travel Plans	153	Para 26.1
	Policy 27: Local Green Space	155	Para 27.5
	Policy 28: Green Infrastructure Assets	157, 158	Pol 1.b, Para 28.2, 28.5
	Policy 29: Cemetery Extensions		
	Policy 30: Landscape		
	Policy 31: Biodiversity Assets		
	Policy 32: Developer Contributions	171	Para 32.1

# Question 1: What does your comment relate to? Please specify exactly

Policy number	Page number	Policy text / Para number
1 Flood Risk	20	Para 1.4

Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be:	Yes	No
2.1 Legally compliant		
2.2 Compliant with the duty to co-operate		
2.3 Sound		Х

# Question 3. Why is the Local Plan unsound?

If you think this paragraph or policy of the Plan is not sound, is this because:	
It is not justified	
It is not effective	X
It is not positively prepared	
It is not consistent with national policy	

## Your Comments:

Resident's comments:

"There is already serious flood risk in the Erewash Valley at Toton Sidings. Adding new housing in the area will only increase the risk of flash flooding in the area especially nearby houses on Goodwood Road and side roads."

"All housing should have solar panels + rain water harvesting systems built-in."

- We are seriously concerned with the increased risk of flash flooding that development in and around Toton Sidings will cause. We believe para 1.4 needs to be strengthened to reflect the specific risk in the Sidings due to not being currently defended by flood protection measures
- 2. A resident has suggested all new housing (and by extension, commercial developments) should have solar panels & rain water harvesting systems incorporated 'by default'. It is not clear where this suggestion should be included in our response but added here following advice by Steffan Saunders on Oct 30<sup>th</sup>. Solar panels and water harvesting systems clearly have a role to play in reducing carbon dioxide emissions. We would like to see a positive 'Justification' paragraph that encourages the incorporation of these systems where feasible.

#### [CTTC Forum text in: Black bold italic]

# Amend para 1.4 to:

**1.4** With regard to point 4 of the policy, flood mitigation will be required in all cases (whether the site is defended or not). Examples of mitigation include flood resistance/resilience measures, emergency planning and good site design that does not increase risk to others. The Environment Agency will also require flood compensation (i.e. at least equivalent replacement of lost flood storage) in areas, *such as the Erewash Valley at Toton Sidings,* which are not defended by an appropriate standard of flood protection (such as the Nottingham Trent Left Bank Flood Alleviation Scheme).

# Create new para to state something along the lines of:

1.n The Council recognises the impacts of Climate Change – as detailed in Aligned Core Strategy Policy 1: Climate Change – and wishes to encourage the reduction of carbon emissions through the installation of renewable energy solutions such as solar panels and rain water harvesting systems in [set % aspiration] of new housing and all new commercial developments.

Policy number	Page number	Policy text / Para number
3.1 Chetwynd Barracks	30	Policy 3.1 / para 3.5

Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be:	Yes	No
2.1 Legally compliant		
2.2 Compliant with the duty to co-operate		
2.3 Sound		X

#### Question 3. Why is the Local Plan unsound?

If you think this paragraph or policy of the Plan is not sound, is this because:	
It is not justified	
It is not effective	Х
It is not positively prepared	
It is not consistent with national policy	

#### Your Comments:

Residents' comments include:

"[..] Barracks to be treated as one entity and not split up into separate development plots" "Keep Chetwynd Road [Chilwell] closed." "Chetwynd Road: make it a cycle & pedestrian route only?" "Chetwynd Road to be opened both ends to share new traffic load."

*"Keep Hobgoblin wood." "Keep trees on the west side of Barracks - from the quarry upwards." "All large trees on the Barracks to be the subject of tree preservation orders"* 

"New feed Road into Depot from Bardills essential (with Tram/Bus/Cycle links?)"

"Re-route Erewash Country trail & public footpath down through the eastern edge of the Barracks site to exploit a newly created green corridor"

"Sports provision needs to be included on the Barracks site to protect current facilities" "[....] War memorial must be protected and given plenty of space. [....]:

 Fourteen residents specifically commented on Chetwynd Barracks – although all comments submitted were, of course, triggered by future developments of the Barracks and HS2 Station.

Some comments were contradictory (opening Chetwynd Road, Chilwell) but this is not surprising given the impact the development of the site will have and the depth of feeling by residents.

2. Specific additions to Policy 3.1 (para 3.5) are therefore sought to strengthen current requirements

[CTTC Forum text in: Black bold italic]

# Amend Policy 3.1 (at para 3.5) to:

**3.5** The following key development requirements must be met.

**Key Development Requirements:** 

- 500 Homes (within the plan period), 800+ overall.
- The Barracks must be treated as one entity and not split up into separate development plots
- Provide attractive and convenient walking and cycling connections to the proposed HS2 station and to the tram.
- Provide a bus route through the site, *including access to the site from Chetwynd Road, Chilwell. However, only buses should be given access to the site from this eastern gateway.*
- New access road is needed to the site from the north to fall in line with HS2 Growth Strategy
- Retain and enhance Green Infrastructure corridors around the eastern and northern areas of the site *including the creation of footpaths and cycle ways*
- Provide a new Primary School within close proximity to the open space at the east of the site.
- Link open space at the east of the site.
- Enhance the provision of sports facilities at the south east of the site
- Retain existing large trees and grass verges and incorporate these into a boulevard approach to the street scene. All large trees on the Barracks will be subject to Tree Preservation orders once the site is released
- Provide public access to the Listed Memorial, the associated gardens and all heritage assets (still to be formally registered) on the site
- Provide public space to the south of the memorial and retain/enhance the existing memorial garden.
- Provide *small* retail/service centre *sufficient* to meet local need along the main through route.
- Provision of small scale employment development.

3.2 Land in vicinity of the HS2 Station at Toton	81	3b.6 & 3b.7
Policy number	number	Para number
	Page	Policy text /

Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be:	Yes	No
2.1 Legally compliant		
2.2 Compliant with the duty to co-operate		
2.3 Sound		Х

## Question 3. Why is the Local Plan unsound?

If you think this paragraph or policy of the Plan is not sound, is this because:	
It is not justified	
It is not effective	Х
It is not positively prepared	
It is not consistent with national policy	

#### Your Comments:

Residents' comments:

"If residents only parking is introduced, it needs to be at zero cost to residents"

"Size of the depth of the "green corridor" to the south of the boundary and definitive information as to whether this corridor is STRICTLY for wildlife or inclusive of pedestrian access? Further, some categorical assurance as to who will be responsible for the ongoing maintenance of hedges and vegetation?"

"I work between Derby/Notts + London. HS2 + business development in Toton is greatly needed!"

- 1. Parking by HS2 station users must not overspill into neighbouring residential streets as detailed in last bullet of para 3b.6. It is suggested that a 'residents only parking' system may be the solution to this issue. However, we need to ensure residents are not disadvantaged by any such scheme.
- 2. Viable green corridors on the site (especially the southern boundary) must be considered a mandatory requirement of any development proposals – as outlined in para 3b.7. This para needs to be strengthened to include a minimum width of the primary corridor to the southern boundary. The corridor to the northern boundary (south of Stapleford) is less important, given the likely creation of HS2 station access roads, so this can be treated as an 'informal greenspace' corridor.

[CTTC Forum text in: Black bold italic]

## Amend para 3b.6 to:

#### **3b.6** Aspirations (last bullet):

• Prevent overspill parking in existing residential areas when the station is operational. This may include Toton to become 'residents only parking' area to mitigate issues with Station/Tram traffic. *Any such scheme needs to be implemented at zero cost to residents.* 

# Amend para 3b.7 to:

**3b.7** Aspirations (first bullet):

- Extensive multi-purpose interconnected Green Infrastructure routes to be provided to connect areas of growth and existing communities all of which should be of sufficient width and quality to provide attractive and usable links in the following locations:
- Along the southern boundary of the location north of existing communities of Toton and Chilwell between Hobgoblin Wood in the east and Toton Fields Local Wildlife site in the west. This will be a significant corridor in the area, and could incorporate both pedestrian and cycle access to HS2 station so needs to be 50 meters wide;
- Along the northern boundary of the location south of Stapleford. This could comprise a narrow, graded tree and shrub roadside corridor to improve screening of the Innovation Village from the A52;
- Along the Erewash Canal and Erewash River (between Toton Washlands and Stapleford) to the west of the location (incorporating flood mitigation on the low lying Sidings part of the site);
- Along the north/south corridor.....

17. Place-making, design and amenity	111	17.1 & 17.2
Policy number	number	Para number
Delievenneher	Page	Policy text /

Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be:	Yes	No
2.1 Legally compliant		
2.2 Compliant with the duty to co-operate		
2.3 Sound		Х

## Question 3. Why is the Local Plan unsound?

If you think this paragraph or policy of the Plan is not sound, is this because:	
It is not justified	
It is not effective	X
It is not positively prepared	
It is not consistent with national policy	

#### Your Comments:

Residents' comments:

*"Good broadband internet connections needed." "Promote more walking/cycle ways (and fewer cars) in new developments"* 

- 1. Policy 17.1 would benefit by explicitly stating that provision of high speed broadband must be treated as a core utility in all new developments
- 2. Policy 17.2 would also be strengthened by a statement encouraging good design for walk ways and cycle ways to and through the site is included in the design and access statement

#### [CTTC Forum text in: Black bold italic]

# Amend Policies 17.1 & 17.2 to:

17.1 For all new development, permission will be granted for development which, where relevant:

...)

m) Enables convenient use by people with limited mobility, *pedestrians* & *cyclists;* and

n) Incorporates ecologically sensitive design, *including high speed broadband services*, with a high standard of planting and features for biodiversity; and ...)

17.2 Applicants for housing developments of 10 dwellings or more will be required to submit a design and access statement which includes an assessment of: *a*) the proposals against each of the 'Building for Life' criteria (see Appendix 5) *and b*) *how the development promotes and encourages walking and cycling through the development.* 

Policy number	Page number	Policy text / Para number
23. Proposals affecting designated and non-designated heritage assets	125	Para 23.1, 23.2, & 23.5

Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be:	Yes	No
2.1 Legally compliant		
2.2 Compliant with the duty to co-operate		
2.3 Sound		Х

#### Question 3. Why is the Local Plan unsound?

If you think this paragraph or policy of the Plan is not sound, is this because:	
It is not justified	
It is not effective	X
It is not positively prepared	
It is not consistent with national policy	

#### Your Comments:

#### Resident's comment:

"Do not destroy NSFF building at Chilwell end of site. War memorial must be protected and given plenty of space. It means a lot to long term residents like me. 73yrs."

 Chetwynd Barracks is due to be sold and redeveloped during the period of this Plan. The site has several valuable heritage assets – especially the memorial and associated garden area - to those who lost their lives during WW1, the shell factory explosion.

There are also other significant buildings – a WW1 Nurses Infirmary and the Officers Mess (part) - and there may be others. We need to ensure these assets are: a) formally identified and registered and; b) protected from any applications to develop the site in advance of any registration. It is not clear who can apply to register these assets – does it need to be the

site owner (MoD) or can the Forum apply?

2. There is a strong case to support the creation of a new Conservation Area within the Barracks site covering these buildings, memorial & gardens. The Forum will look to make such an application at the earliest possible time.

[CTTC Forum text in: Black bold italic]

# Amend para 23.1 to:

**23.1** This policy applies to all heritage assets, including Listed Buildings, Conservation Areas, Scheduled Monuments **and immediate associated areas** (such as green spaces / gardens etc.) and non-designated assets of all kinds.

# Amend para 23.2 to:

**23.2** Heritage Statements should accompany all applications relating to heritage assets. Such a statement will be expected from an application to develop Chetwynd Barracks that will cover those heritage assets located on the site but which may not yet have been formally registered. On-site investigations of heritage assets (such as Hill Farm, on the Barracks), prior to any development starting, should be incorporated into statements. All statements These should clearly illustrate the nature of the proposals and their effect on the asset. They should refer to relevant sources of local information including Conservation Area Appraisals, the 'Heritage Gateway', relevant literature and paintings, and the Heritage at Risk Register. Attention should be paid to the Borough's notable industrial heritage. Applications which are not directly related to heritage assets but could impact visually on their setting should include a proportionate Heritage Statement.

# Amend para 23.5 to:

**23.5** The Council will aim to produce Appraisals and Management Plans for all its Conservation Areas and will consider the merits of amendments to Conservation Area boundaries. It will also consider the production of a Local List of non-designated assets, criteria for their identification and/or an associated SPD. The Council will look to work pro-actively with established Civic Societies *and Neighbourhood Forums* to aid understanding of the local historic environment.

Policy number	Page number	Policy text / Para number
25. Culture, Tourism and Sport	152	Policy 1, 2 & para 25.1

Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be:	Yes	No
2.1 Legally compliant		
2.2 Compliant with the duty to co-operate		
2.3 Sound		Х

#### Question 3. Why is the Local Plan unsound?

If you think this paragraph or policy of the Plan is not sound, is this because:	
It is not justified	
It is not effective	X
It is not positively prepared	
It is not consistent with national policy	

#### Your Comments:

Resident's comment: "Provide astro turf facilities for all-year football"

- 1. There is a lack of all-weather artificial football pitches throughout the Borough but especially in the south. The Forum has opened discussions with the Notts FA to see how we might work together to develop pitches in the south of the Borough. It will help give a steer to developers if the Local Plan specifically referenced the need for more artificial pitches as well as turf pitches.
- 2. Chetwynd Barracks has a significant history and it should be recognised and used to enhance the tourism 'offering' in the Borough. By making specific reference to the site in this policy It will help to protect these heritage assets from future development.

[CTTC Forum text in: Black bold italic]

# Amend Policies 1 & 2 to:

Development proposals will be encouraged that;

- Make specific provision for sports pitches, *including artificial, all-weather* '3G' pitches, that are suitable for a wide age range of users, in particular children's sport.
- 2. Enhance the tourism offer in association with DH Lawrence, *the legacy of Chetwynd Barracks (especially relating to the WWI shell factory and associated memorial),* or the industrial/ pharmaceutical heritage of the Borough.

# Amend para 25.1 to:

**25.1** The adopted **Playing Pitch Strategy** identifies a deficiency in accessible and secured floodlit football turf **and artificial, all-weather '3G'** pitches to the Football Association accreditation standard within the Borough (mainly in the south)

Policy number	Page number	Policy text / Para number
26. Travel Plans	153	Para 26.1

Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be:	Yes	No
2.1 Legally compliant		
2.2 Compliant with the duty to co-operate		
2.3 Sound		Х

# Question 3. Why is the Local Plan unsound?

If you think this paragraph or policy of the Plan is not sound, is this because:	
It is not justified	
It is not effective	Х
It is not positively prepared	
It is not consistent with national policy	

#### Your Comments:

#### Residents' comments:

"Traffic congestion now is bad. Stapleford lane is so congested could a relief road be put across the depot or around the back of it to ease the congestion on Stapleford Lane please" "New feed Road into Depot from Bardills essential (with Tram/Bus/Cycle links?)" "Promote more walking/cycle ways (and fewer cars) in new developments" "Need regular bus route from Toton to Stapleford into the evenings"

- The Forum will promote access to the HS2 Hub Station using walk ways, cycle ways and additional bus routes. We would like to see a new, specific 'Justification' paragraph that states all Travel Plans must include a section on walk ways, cycle ways & and improved public transport (better bus routes; both frequency and extending services into the evenings)
- Use section 106 money to improve pavements and cycle ways in local vicinity of developments. For instance, consider creating one-way streets in existing Toton streets bordering the HS2 station such as: Woodstock Road, Epsom Road etc. to allow space to create wider pavements & new cycle ways

[CTTC Forum text in: Black bold italic]

Create new Justification para 26.2 to:

26.2 We expect Travel Plans to include specific sections detailing how developments will encourage more walking, cycling and public transport (bus routes both frequency and operating times) to / from and through the sites.

Policy number	Page number	Policy text / Para number
27. Local Green Space	155	Para 27.5

Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be:	Yes	No
2.1 Legally compliant		
2.2 Compliant with the duty to co-operate		
2.3 Sound		Х

# Question 3. Why is the Local Plan unsound?

If you think this paragraph or policy of the Plan is not sound, is this because:	
It is not justified	
It is not effective	Х
It is not positively prepared	
It is not consistent with national policy	

#### Your Comments:

Residents' comments: *"Keep Hobgoblin wood" "Keep trees on the west side of Barracks - from the quarry upwards"* 

1. The Forum intends to submit an application to designate Local Green Space during the development of its Neighbourhood Plan. It will be helpful for the Local Plan to acknowledge this intention so that developers are aware of the need to consult with the community & ensure they include a provision for Green Space in their plans.

[CTTC Forum text in: Black bold italic]

#### Amend para 27.5 to:

**27.5** Further areas of Local Green Space may be designated through forthcoming Neighbourhood Plans. *We expect to receive an application to designate significant stretches of green infrastructure as Local Green Space within the Toton Strategic Growth Area and Chetwynd Barracks development sites.* 

Policy number	Page number	Policy text / Para number
28. Green Infrastructure Assets	157	Policy 1.b & para 28.2

Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be:	Yes	No
2.1 Legally compliant		
2.2 Compliant with the duty to co-operate		
2.3 Sound		Х

# Question 3. Why is the Local Plan unsound?

If you think this paragraph or policy of the Plan is not sound, is this because:	
It is not justified	
It is not effective	X
It is not positively prepared	
It is not consistent with national policy	

#### Your Comments:

#### Residents' comments:

"Provide astro turf facilities for all-year football" "Re-route Erewash Country trail & public footpath down the eastern edge of the Barracks site" "Size of the depth of the "green corridor" to the south of the boundary and definitive information as to whether this corridor is STRICTLY for wildlife or inclusive of pedestrian access? Further, some categorical assurance as to who will be responsible for the ongoing maintenance of hedges and vegetation?"

- 1. Playing Pitches need to specifically include the growing trend for artificial, all-weather '3G' pitches
- 2. We would like to see new footpaths & cycle ways creating in green corridors inc. a re-routing of the Erewash Valley trail through Chetwynd Barracks.
- 3. We believe green corridors need to be of a decent, specified width to be consider viable. Otherwise developers will seek to minimise the widths of these corridors for their own purposes. The Notts WT has done research for the Forum on what is considered viable widths of green corridors. In summary:
- "corridors should be preserved, enhanced and provided, [.....], as they permit certain species to thrive where they otherwise would not. Corridors should be as wide and continuous as possible" (Dawson, 1994):
- 50m buffers [are] recommended for developments in the Local Plans of both Wakefield & Darlington Councils to protect local wildlife sites and / or river corridors etc.
- A 50m width allows corridors to function as a 'multi-purpose network', as defined in NECR 180, so that it includes attributes that are valuable to people, i.e. biodiversity alongside amenity, footpaths, cycle ways, sustainable drainage, microclimate improvement, heritage etc.
- Quadrat Scotland 2002 (Appendix 1). For connectedness, to be defined as 'high' (on scale high, medium, low), the corridor needs to be at least 50m wide for more than 50% of the corridor

#### **References**

Dawson, D. 1994. Are Habitat Corridors Conduits for Animals and Plants in a Fragmented Landscape? A Review of the Scientific Evidence. <u>English Nature Research Reports</u> Wakefield Consultation on spatial strategy: <u>Wakefield Council Spatial Policy Areas</u> Darlington consultation on draft housing allocations: <u>Darlington Council Housing Allocations report</u> <u>Natural England Commissioned Report</u> NECR180 (2015) Econets, landscape & people: Integrating ..... Quadrat Scotland (2002) The network of wildlife corridors and stepping stones of importance to the biodiversity of East Dunbartonshire. <u>Scottish Natural Heritage Commissioned Report</u>

#### [CTTC Forum text in: Black bold italic]

## Amend Policy 1b) to:

- 1. Development proposals which are likely to lead to increased use of any of the Green Infrastructure Assets listed below, as shown on the Policies Map, will be required to take reasonable opportunities to enhance the Green Infrastructure Asset(s). These Green Infrastructure Assets are:
  - a) Green Infrastructure Corridors (not shown on the Policies Map);
  - b) Playing Pitches, including artificial, all-weather '3G' Pitches;
  - c) Informal.....

# Amend para 28.2 to:

**28.2** The corridors that are [.....]. The details of these opportunities for enhancement will depend on the characteristics of the corridors concerned. *The Council believes corridors must be 50 metres wide to be considered beneficial and viable for wildlife.* The corridors are detailed in section 6 of the GIS and are shown diagrammatically on the map on page 160 in this Plan. The corridors do not have fixed boundaries and the map on page 160 should not therefore be interpreted rigidly.

# Amend para 28.5 to:

**28.5** A potential continuation of the Nottingham Canal towpath [......] should proposals for this emerge in the future. *With the development of Chetwynd Barracks, the Council intends to exploit a new green corridor planned for the eastern side of the Barracks. It will re-route the Erewash Valley Trail down a new public footpath/cycleway through the corridor, and from there continue the Trail to the Attenborough Nature Centre. The Nature Reserves that are referred to in part 1f of the policy include Local Nature Reserves designated by the Council and Nature Reserves managed by Nottinghamshire County Council and Nottinghamshire Wildlife Trust.* 

CTTC Neighbourhood Forum	Local Plan Part 2 Feedback	Nov 2 <sup>nd</sup> 2017		
Policy number		Page number	Policy text / Para number	
32. Developer Contributio	ns	171	Para 32.1	

Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be:	Yes	No
2.1 Legally compliant		
2.2 Compliant with the duty to co-operate		
2.3 Sound		Х

## Question 3. Why is the Local Plan unsound?

If you think this paragraph or policy of the Plan is not sound, is this because:	
It is not justified	
It is not effective	Х
It is not positively prepared	
It is not consistent with national policy	

#### Your Comments:

Residents' comments:

*"Schools 3-18? What's the impact on existing LEA Primary schools?" "If HS2 doesn't happen what funding is available to George Spencer to cover influx of children?"* 

- Paragraph 32.1 would benefit by explicitly stating that Section 106 contributions are needed to increase capacity at all levels of education. Developers must acknowledge their obligations to increase provision at secondary schools as well as primary schools. This point is well made in the Infrastructure Delivery Plan (sections 4.51, 4.52, 4.55, pages 19, 20)
- 2. A new paragraph would be useful to explicitly state that all Section 106 contributions will be directed in the first instance to the Borough wards/town & parish councils affected by developments before other areas in the Borough are considered. This is because it cannot be right that other areas of the Borough benefit from developers' contributions before residents in the immediate vicinity are awarded suitable recompense for the changes to their environment.

[CTTC Forum text in: Black bold italic]

#### Amend para 32.1 to:

**32.1** This policy strikes the appropriate balance between ensuring the infrastructure requirements to make the development acceptable in planning terms are met, at the same time as not compromising the viability of developments. *It is acknowledged that financial contributions are needed to increase provision of education capacity at secondary schools in key areas of the Borough* 

New Justification para 32.2 to:

**32.2** All Section 106 contributions will be directed in the first instance to the Borough wards/town & parish councils affected by developments before other areas in the Borough are considered
#### Question 5. Public Examination Attendance

If your representation is seeking a modification, do you consider it necessary to participate at the public examination?		
Yes, I wish to participate at the public examination Yes		
No, I do not wish to participate at the public examination		

If you wish to participate at the public examination, please outline why you consider this to be necessary

1. The CTTC Forum would like the opportunity to explain in more detail the rationale for our suggested modifications to the Examiner. A specific concern relates to paragraph 28.2 and the need to explicitly commit to a specified width of green corridors necessary to assure viability of wildlife. However, we want the opportunity to explain our suggestions across all policies as appropriate.

## Details

Agent	
Please provide your client's name	
Your Details	
Title	
Name	
Organisation (If responding on behalf of an organisation)	Sustrans
Address	
Telephone Number	
Email Address	
Would you like to be contacted regarding future planning policy consultations?	Yes
If you wish to comment on more than one issue you will	l need to submit a form for each representation.

## Policy relates to

Please specify what your comment relates to					
Policy number	Page number	Policy text/ Paragraph number	Policies Map	Sustainability Appraisal	Other (e.g. omission, evidence document etc.)
32: Developer Contributions	170-171	Policy 32: Developer Contributions			

Question 1: What does your comment relate to? Please specify exactly

## **Question 2**

Question 2: What is the issue with the Local Plan?		
Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be:		
2.1 Legally compliant	Yes	
2.2 Compliant with the duty to co-operate	Yes	
2.3 Sound	No	

## **Question 3**

Question 3: Why is the Local Plan unsound? Please only answer this question if you answered 'No' to 2.3 above			
If you think this paragraph or policy of the Plan is not sound, is this because:			
It is not justified	No		
It is not effective	Yes		
It is not positively prepared	Yes		
It is not consistent with national policy	No		

## Additional details

Please give details of why you consider this part of the Local Plan is not legally compliant, is unsound or does not comply with the duty to co-operate. Alternatively, if you wish to support any of these	We consider Policy 32 of the 2017 Local Plan is unsound because there is no mention of Green Infrastructure corridors and assets (including non-motorised transport trails and routes).
aspects please provide details.	The policy gives the strategic policy context of Policy 32 as including Aligned Core Strategy Policy 16: Green Infrastructure and open space, however green infrastructure assets are not mentioned in the section underneath 'What the Aligned Core Strategy says', nor in the policy itself.
	To help fund improvements to multi-user non-motorised transport routes and trails including the Great Northern Path corridor we recommend developer contributions are sought from development proposals and allocations.

## **Question 4**

Question 4: Modifications sought			
Please set out what modification(s) you consider necessary to make the Local Plan legally compliant	To make the policy sound Policy 32 should include reference to green infrastructure assets including multi-user non-motorised transport routes and trails.		
or sound. You will need to say why this modification			
will make the Local Plan legally compliant or sound.			

## **Question 5**

Question 5: Public Examination Attendance		
If your representation is seeking a modification, do you consider it necessary to participate at the public examination?	Yes	
If you wish to participate at the public examination, please outline why you consider this to be necessary	There may be issues that we might want to raise in relation to our comments and any of the other representations that are made.	



Broxtowe District Council Council Offices Foster Avenue Beeston Nottingham NG9 1AB

SENT BY E-MAIL AND POST

3<sup>rd</sup> November 2017

Dear Sir / Madam

#### **BROXTOWE LOCAL PLAN PART 2 PRE SUBMISSION CONSULTATION**

#### Introduction

Thank you for consulting with the Home Builders Federation (HBF) on the above mentioned consultation. The HBF is the principal representative body of the house-building industry in England and Wales. Our representations reflect the views of our membership, which includes multi-national PLC's, regional developers and small, local builders. In any one year, our members account for over 80% of all new "for sale" market housing built in England and Wales as well as a large proportion of newly built affordable housing. We would like to submit the following representations and in due course attend the Broxtowe Local Plan Part 2 Examination Hearing Sessions.

#### The scope of the Broxtowe Local Plan Part 2

The Broxtowe Local Plan Part 2 sets out detailed planning policies that will work with the strategic policies set out in the adopted Aligned Core Strategy (ACS) including specific polices for development management and the allocation of non-strategic development sites.

#### **Site Allocation Policies**

#### Overall Housing Land Supply (HLS)

The ACS sets out the overall spatial strategy for the District and this vision is rolled forward in the Local Plan Part 2. The purpose of the Local Plan is to allocate sufficient non-strategic sites to meet the housing requirement of at least 6,150 dwellings for the District to 2028. Accordingly under **Policies 3 – 7** and **11** fifteen non-strategic housing sites are allocated for circa 2,636 dwellings which comprise :-

- Policy 3 : main built up area site allocations for circa 1,779 dwellings on 8 sites (Policies 3.1 – 3.8);
- **Policy 4** : Awsworth site allocation for land west of Awsworth for 250 dwellings (**Policy 4.1**) ;
- **Policy 5** : Brinsley site allocation for land east of Brinsley for 110 dwellings (**Policy 5.1**) ;
- Policy 6 : Eastwood site allocation for 200 dwellings & 30 extra care units (Policy 6.1);
- Policy 7 : Kimberley site allocations for 167 dwellings on 3 sites (Policies 7.1 – 7.3);
- Policy 11 : The Square Beeston Square for 100 dwellings.

A **housing trajectory** is included in Table 4 in which the Council is showing a HLS of 6,747 dwellings against a housing requirement of 6,150 dwellings. Since the adopted housing requirement is a minimum figure it should not be treated as a maximum ceiling to restrict overall HLS and prevent sustainable development from coming forward. The Council is referred to the DCLG presentation slide from the HBF Planning Conference September 2015 (see below). This slide illustrates 10 - 20% non-implementation gap together with 15 - 20% lapse rate. The slide also suggests "the need to plan for permissions on more units than the housing start / completions ambition". It is acknowledged that this presentation slide shows generic percentages across England but it provides an indication of the level of flexibility within the overall HLS that the Council should be providing. The Council's contingency of 597 dwellings (9.7%) is below the recommendations of DCLG therefore it is unlikely to provide sufficient flexibility for unforeseen circumstances.



start/completion ambition.

Extract from slide presentation "DCLG Planning Update" by Ruth Stanier Director of Planning - HBF Planning Conference Sept 2015

#### 5 Year Housing Land Supply (YHLS)

The 5 YHLS is a snap shot in time which can change very quickly. The following analysis addresses matters of principle rather than detailed site

specific analysis. The HBF's preferences for the calculation of a 5 YHLS are a Sedgefield approach to shortfalls as set out in the NPPG (ID 3-035) with a 20% buffer applied to both the annualised housing requirement and any shortfall. The Council's latest 5 YHLS calculation is set out in the SHLAA Report 2015/16. The Council has provided calculations using both a Sedgefield / Liverpool approach to shortfalls and 5% / 20% buffers. The Council is proposing Sedgefield and 20% buffer as the most appropriate. The HBF agrees with this proposal. However the Council is not applying the buffer to the shortfall. The HBF disagrees with this approach. The Council is referred to the following :-

- the Warwick Local Plan Examination Inspector's letter dated 1<sup>st</sup> June 2015 (paragraph 41);
- the letter dated 10<sup>th</sup> August 2015 from the Inspector examining the Amber Valley Local Plan;
- the West Dorset Weymouth & Portland Joint Local Plan Inspector's Final Report dated 14<sup>th</sup> August 2015 (paragraphs 85 & 86);
- Herefordshire Local Plan Inspector's Final Report dated September 2015 (para 48) ;
- Gloucester, Cheltenham & Tewkesbury Joint Core Strategy Inspector's Interim Report dated 31<sup>st</sup> May 2016;
- Forest of Dean Site Allocations Plan Inspector's Interim Report dated 24 June 2016;
- West Somerset Local Plan Inspector's Final Report dated 14 September 2016.

The Council's 5 YHLS calculation using Sedgefield and 20% buffer is only 3.6 years which will be even lower when the buffer is applied to the shortfall as well as the requirement. The Local Plan Part 2 cannot be sound if the Council cannot demonstrate 5 YHLS on adoption of the Plan. Furthermore the 5 YHLS should be maintainable throughout the plan period. As a consequence of not having a demonstrable 5 YHLS policies for the supply of housing in the adopted ACS will also be deemed out of date.

The HBF do not comment on the merits or otherwise of individual sites therefore our representations are submitted without prejudice to any comments made by other parties on the deliverability of specific sites included in the overall HLS, 5 YHLS and housing trajectories. Both the Council's overall HLS and 5 YHLS assumes that all of the allocations in the Plan will be found sound. However, the soundness of individual allocations will be discussed throughout the course of the Examination. If any are found to be unsound these will need to be deleted from the deliverable / developable supply accordingly. It is also essential that the Council's assumptions on lead-in times, lapse rates and delivery rates for sites are realistic. These assumptions should be supported by parties responsible for delivery of housing and sense checked by the Council using historical empirical data and local knowledge.

The small site windfall allowance of 195 dwellings in the 5 YHLS is considered too high. If the windfall allowance is applied throughout 5 year period there is

a risk of double counting in the early years. It is only reasonable to include a windfall allowance in the later years of the 5 YHLS.

It is also noted that the Council has applied an 8% non-implementation allowance in the 5 YHLS but it is unclear if a similar allowance has been applied to the overall HLS.

It is obvious that further site allocations are required to provide a greater overall HLS contingency and a 5 YHLS on adoption of the Plan. Therefore to maximize housing supply the widest possible range of sites, by size and market location are required so that house builders of all types and sizes have access to suitable land in order to offer the widest possible range of products. The key to increased housing supply is the number of sales outlets. The maximum delivery is achieved not just because there are more sales outlets but because the widest possible range of products and locations are available to meet the widest possible range of demand. This approach is also advocated in the Housing White Paper because a good mix of sites provides choice for consumers, allows places to grow in sustainable ways and creates opportunities to diversify the construction sector.

The Council should also consider the allocation of developable reserve sites together with an appropriate release mechanism as recommended by the Local Plan Expert Group (LPEG). The LPEG Report proposed that "the NPPF makes clear that local plans should be required not only to demonstrate a five year land supply but also focus on ensuring a more effective supply of developable land for the medium to long term (over the whole plan period), plus make provision for, and provide a mechanism for the release of, developable Reserve Sites equivalent to 20% of their housing requirement, as far as is consistent with the policies set out in the NPPF" (para 11.4 of the LPEG Report).

If further information on HLS becomes available the HBF may wish to submit further comments in written Hearing Statements and during oral discussions at the Examination Hearing Sessions.

#### **Development Management Policies**

#### Policy 15 : House size, mix and choice

If the Local Plan is to be compliant with the NPPF development should not be subject to such a scale of obligations and policy burdens that viability is threatened (paras 173 & 174). The residual land value model is highly sensitive to changes in its inputs whereby an adjustment or an error in any one assumption can have a significant impact on viability. Therefore it is important that the Council understands and tests the influence of all inputs on the residual land value as this determines whether or not land is released for development. The Harman Report highlighted that "what ultimately matters for housing delivery is whether the value received by land owners is sufficient to persuade him or her to sell their land for development". Bullet Points (1), (2) & (3) propose differential affordable housing provision on allocated and unallocated sites subject to viability. These are :-

- On allocated sites of 10+ dwellings in Awsworth, Bramcote, Brinsley, Stapleford & Toton and any site in the Green Belt 30% or more affordable housing provision ;
- On Kimerley allocated site 20% or more affordable housing provision ;
- On unallocated C2 & C3 sites in sub-markets of Beeston 30% or more, Eastwood 10% or more, Kimberley 20% or more & Stapleford 10% or more affordable housing provision.

The Council should be mindful that the cumulative burden of policy requirements are not set so high that the majority of sites are only deliverable if these sites are routinely rather than occasionally negotiated on the grounds of viability. The Nottingham Core Viability Update Study (September 2013) is now somewhat out of date. As set out in the NPPG (ID 12-014) "when approaching submission if key studies are already reliant on data that is a few years old they should be updated to reflect the most recent information available". The adopted ACS proposed 30% on sites of 15+ dwellings. The Council has provided no new evidence to support the proposals set out in **Policy 15**. There is no up to date evidence justifying the differentials or site thresholds. It is not evidenced that lower site thresholds or C2 sites are viable. The policy is also worded such that these percentage provisions are minimums which should be deleted.

In **Bullet Point (6)** the word "size" should be deleted from the policy title and bullet point so there is no conjecture that the Council is seeking to adopt the Nationally Described Space Standard (NDSS).

Bullet Point (7) proposes that on sites of 10+ dwellings at least 10% of dwellings are Building Regulation M4(2) compliant. The Written Ministerial Statement dated 25th March 2015 stated that "the optional new national technical standards should only be required through any new Local Plan policies if they address a clearly evidenced need, and where their impact on viability has been considered, in accordance with the NPPG". If the Council wishes to adopt the higher optional standards for accessible & adaptable homes the Council should only do so by applying the criteria set out in the NPPG (ID 56-005 to 56-011). All new homes are built to Building Regulation Part M standards so it is incumbent on the Council to provide a local assessment evidencing the specific case for Broxtowe which justifies the inclusion of the optional higher standard of M4(2) for accessible / adaptable homes in its Local Plan policy. If it had been the Government's intention that evidence of an ageing population justified adoption of M4(2) then the logical solution would have been to incorporate the standard as mandatory via the Building Regulations which the Government has not done. M4(2) should only be introduced on a "need to have" rather than "nice to have" basis.

**Bullet Point (8)** proposes that on sites of 20+ dwellings the Council will seek at least 5% self / custom build. The HBF supports self and / or custom build in principle for its potential additional contribution to overall housing supply where this is based on a positive policy approach to increase the total amount

Home Builders Federation

page 5

of new housing development and to meet an identified and quantified selfbuild housing need. Such positive policy responses include supporting development on small windfall sites as well as allocating more small sites. It is not evident that the Council has assessed such housing needs in its SHMA work as set out in the NPPG (ID 2a-021) whereby the Council should collate from reliable local information the local demand for people wishing to build their own homes. It is not known the number of people who have registered on the Council's Self Build Register. So there is no publically available evidence to justify the Council's proposed policy approach of seeking selfbuild plots on all housing sites of more than 20 dwellings. Furthermore the Council has not undertaken any viability assessment of this policy proposal. The NPPG confirms that "different types of residential development such as those wanting to build their own homes ... are funded and delivered in different ways. This should be reflected in viability assessments" (ID 10-009). The Council's proposal is a restrictive policy which provides no additionality to land supply but merely changes house construction from one to another type of builder. It is suggested that the Council gives further consideration to the practical workings of **Bullet Point (8)** including the implications on responsibilities under health & safety legislation, working hours, length of build programmes, etc. The Council should also refer to the East Devon Inspector's Final Report dated January 2016 which expresses reservations about the implementation difficulties associated with this sort of policy. In para 46 the Inspector states "However, I don't see how the planning system can make developers sell land to potential rivals (and at a reasonable price)". If self build / custom build plots are not developed the Council has proposed no mechanism by which these dwellings may be developed thereby effectively removing these dwellings from its HLS which is unjustifiable in the current circumstances where the Council cannot demonstrate a 5 YHLS on adoption of the Local Plan Part 2.

#### Policy 17 : Place-making, design & amenity

**Bullet Points (2) & (3)** require developments of 10+ dwellings to be assessed under Building for Life 12 and to achieve a score of 9 or more greens. The HBF is supportive of the use of Building for Life 12 as best practice guidance to assist Local Planning Authorities, local communities and developers assess new housing schemes but it should not be included as a Local Plan policy requirement which obliges developers to use this tool. The use of Building for Life 12 should remain voluntary. The reference to Building for Life 12 should be removed from **Policy 17** to the supporting text. The requirement for 9 or more greens is also a misinterpretation of the use of Building for Life 12.

#### Policy 20 : Air quality

**Bullet Point (2)** is a vaguely expressed aspiration. It is doubtful if this aspect of the policy can be effectively implemented.

#### Policy 26 : Travel Plans

**Policy 26** and its supporting text are contradictory. The policy requires submission of Travel Plans for all housing sites of 10+ dwellings but the

justification (para 26.1) states the requirement is applicable to only nonallocated sites. Even if the policy is amended to apply explicitly to nonallocated sites Travel Plans should only be required if there is an identified impact to warrant such a requirement.

#### Policy 27 : Local Green Space

The HBF would question if the proposed Local Green Space designation under **Bullet Point (3)** is appropriate. The area identified on the accompanying map is extensive. This designation could be construed as a redesignation as Green Belt by another name via the back door.

#### **Policy 32 : Developer Contributions**

As stated in the NPPF the use of planning obligations should only be considered if it could make unacceptable development acceptable (para 203). Furthermore planning obligations should only be sought which meet all of the tests set out in the NPPF (para 204). It should be clear that any improvements to existing facilities is related to the proposed development and it is not rectifying an existing deficiency.

If any of the above mentioned **Policies** are modified then the HBF may make further comments in Hearing Statements and orally at the Examination Hearing Sessions.

#### Conclusion

The purpose of the Broxtowe Local Plan Part 2 is :-

- the allocation of non-strategic sites to meet the housing requirement set out in the adopted ACS;
- the provision and maintenance of a 5 YHLS ;
- the setting out of detailed development management policies.

The Plan is unsound (not positively prepared, unjustified, ineffective and inconsistent with national policy) because the Plan fails to :-

- provide sufficient flexibility in the overall HLS ;
- demonstrate a 5 YHLS on adoption ;
- set appropriate policy requirements in **Policies 15, 17, 20, 26, 27 & 32**.

It is hoped that these representations are helpful in informing the next stage of the Broxtowe Local Plan Part 2. If you require any further assistance or information please contact the undersigned.

Yours faithfully

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Home Builders Federation		
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Planning Policy Broxtowe Borough Council Council Offices Foster Ave Beeston Notts NG9 1AB

3rd November 2017

Dear Sir/ Madam

#### **Comments on Publication Version Part 2 Broxtowe Local Plan**

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the Broxtowe Local Plan Part 2 (publication version).

Whilst recognising the need for housing provision and economic investment in Broxtowe, we have significant concerns about whether the scale of growth proposed during the plan period is necessary or sustainable.

We do not currently have resources to submit each comment on a separate form but to help with your collation of responses our comments are broadly set out by policy number, as requested on the response form (question 1). Where appropriate, we have also indicated if we query the 'soundness' of the plan, as per question 2 and 3. After putting forward our comments we have submitted suggested modifications, as per question 4 of the response form.

Our comments on individual policies are set out below:

#### Policy 3 Main built up area site allocations

For the reasons provided at 3.1 and 3.2 we generally support the Spatial Strategy approach. We do, however, have substantive concerns about the scale of some of the allocations. We do understand that allocation sites would not necessarily be built up in their entirety and land within the allocation boundary would potentially be set aside for Green Infrastructure (GI) provision and related requirements. However, we think that seeing sites with large red-line boundaries might be potentially confusing and of concern to many of the other consultees - certain local community groups and individuals have contacted us about their concerns about potential loss of greenfield and wildlife sites.

#### Policy: 3.1 Chetwynd Barracks: 500 homes (within the plan period)

If this site is to be allocated, we very much support the 'key development requirement' to "*Retain and enhance Green Infrastructure corridors around the eastern and northern areas of the site*".

Some parts of the site have developed significant habitat value. These include Hobgoblin Wood and the adjacent Chilwell Ordnance Depot Local Wildlife Site (LWS) which is located outside the redline boundary. Both areas should be protected during construction phase and be retained within GI with their management secured and paid for in perpetuity by the developer. Focusing new built development on the previously developed parts of the site whilst converting and reusing existing buildings, roads and infrastructure wherever possible would allow for a more sustainable form of development to be achieved.



#### Nottinghamshire Wildlife Trust



Website www.nottinghamshirewildlife.org

**President** Sir Andrew Buchanan Bt.

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#### Modification sought

Include a clear statement confirming that Hobgoblin Wood, other woodland area, mature trees and grasslands will be retained and their long-term management will be secured in perpetuity.

#### Policy: 3.2 Toton (Strategic Location for Growth): 500 Homes

Toton sidings is at the very centre of the Erewash Valley Living Landscape area, where many partners including Broxtowe Borough Council are investing in extending and improving habitats and GI to achieve Broxtowe Borough Council's Biodiversity and GI targets.

We therefore **object** to this site as a strategic location for growth. Not only would it lead to the loss of a substantial area of Green Belt, resulting in the merging of Chilwell and Stapleford, it would cause a well-defined wildlife corridor between the Erewash Valley and Wollaton Park (via Bramcote Village and Beeston Fields golf course) to be lost. This corridor is identified as primary corridor 1.2 and secondary corridors 2.12 and 2.23 in the Broxtowe Green Infrastructure Strategy and the land between the two secondary corridors will also, in effect, function as a single wide corridor.

We cannot see how transport issues can be addressed in a location already suffering from severe congestion and where other large-scale developments are planned for the current plan period, i.e. 500 homes in connection with the Chetwynd Barracks redevelopment.

We need to point out that part of this land, especially the northern and eastern part of the sidings, are within floodplain and are at high risk of flooding. Therefore, there should be a presumption against development of these parts of the site. Also, if substantive measures are not put in place (e.g. flood storage), development of such a large parcel of land could increase risk of both fluvial and surface water flooding in adjacent areas, especially within Toton and parts of Long Eaton.

Whilst we don't support the principle of development on Green Belt and the scale of the proposed development, we welcome inclusion of open space: "*Minimum of 16ha Open Space, to incorporate Green Infrastructure of sufficient width and quality to provide attractive and usable links between Hobgoblin Wood in the east and Toton Fields Local Wildlife Site in the west and the Erewash Canal, which will blend with a high quality built environment.*"

However, we would expect to see the quantity of 'informal' open space (wildlife habitat) specified in the policy wording. In the absence of this, we are concerned that:

a). the 16ha minimum could be taken up with 'formal' open spaces, such as sports pitches, play areas etc,

b). the open spaces would be sited in areas subject to high levels of disturbance, such as along paths, road verges etc, which will never develop high wildlife value,

c). areas of open spaces will be too narrow to usefully function as wildlife habitat (our comments on policy 27 and our recommendation for 50 metre wide buffer are relevant to this).

We are also concerned about the loss of such a large extent of brownfield land in the sidings, which has regenerated to woodland. New open space wildlife sites cannot be recreated easily and will take many years to develop a level of wildlife value equivalent to what will be lost from the sidings, if achievable at all.

#### Modification sought

Removal of the allocation. If Broxtowe Borough Council is minded to allocate then all LWS habitat should be removed from the allocation, as it might never be possible to recreate habitats of the same value. Clarification that the 16ha minimum will comprise a significant amount of informal open space (wildlife habitat), including a 50m wide habitat corridor.

#### Policy: 3.3 Bramcote (East of Coventry Lane): 300 Homes

If the entire site is to be developed, this allocation would result in the loss of a LWS – Bramcote Moor Grassland, which we would strongly **object** to.

LWSs are defined areas identified and selected locally for their substantive nature conservation value. Their selection takes into account the most important, distinctive and threatened species and habitats within the county. They therefore comprise many of our best remaining flower-rich meadows, ancient woodlands, ponds, swamps, fens and mires and provide a home to many of our native plant and animal species, including many rare, declining or protected species. These sites can be of SSSI quality or can be even more important than SSSIs for wildlife. We therefore consider protection of this network of sites to be of the upmost importance.

Should the LWS be lost, we would consider the policy unsound as it is not consistent with local (Policy 17 of ACS) and national policy (NPPF para 118).

#### Modification sought

Inclusion of a sentence stating that the LWS will not be developed or removal of LWS from the allocation boundary. If the LWS would be retained, it would also need to be adequately buffered and work would be required to make the site more robust, as it will be subject to greater footfall post any development. Future management of the LWS should also be secured.

#### Policy: 3.4 Stapleford (West of Coventry Lane): 240 Homes

The 'key development requirements' include "provide enhanced Green Infrastructure corridors linking urban areas of Nottingham to the east with Bramcote and Stapleford Hills, Bramcote Park, Boundary Brook, Pit Lane Wildlife Site, Nottingham Canal and Erewash Valley Trail'.

Whilst we **object** to this allocation because we consider it is encroaching significantly into the surrounding countryside and that local needs have been met by the adjacent Fields Farm site, achievement of a strong corridor is very important. We also agree with the last point of the 'key development requirements', that the cemetery and Stapleford Hills should be adequately buffered, forming a strong and robust habitat corridor linking to Bramcote Moor Grassland LWS.

#### Modification sought

Removal of allocation. Clarification as to the extent of the corridor, so the site isn't over developed. The adjacent Field Farm Development is mentioned in the location description but we think this policy needs to offer some guidance in terms of how GI linkages will be provided between the two sites.



#### Nottinghamshire Wildlife Trust



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#### Policy: 3.5 Severn Trent (Lilac Grove ): 150 Homes

The 'key development requirements' states that the 150 homes will be located towards the north of the site, which appears to be on the former Severn Trent works, and that access will only be from the north (Lilac Grove).

We are hopeful this means the land at the end of Cornwall Avenue will remain undeveloped. It also talks about 'soft landscaping' along the canal and the importance of "Green Infrastructure" corridors. The field at the end of Cornwall Avenue is an important buffer to the Beeston Canal, which itself is a Local Wildlife Site and this should form part of the "Green Infrastructure" and remain undeveloped and long-term management of GI needs to be secured.

#### Modification sought

Clarification of the extent of GI, confirmation that fields along the Beeston Canal will not be developed and that long-term management of GI will be secured.

#### Policy: 3.6 Beeston Maltings: 56 Homes

Transport corridors can provide essential wildlife habitat. For instance our sister Wildlife Trust in Yorkshire is promoting a project to maximise their value, which is supported by the Humberhead Levels Nature Improvement Area. Given the apparent lack of buffer on the south of the railway line, we would strongly recommend some form of green link be provided along the southern development boundary.

#### Modification sought

Provision of green infrastructure link along the railway line under the 'key development requirements'.

#### Policy: 3.7 Beeston Cement Depot: 21 Homes

Transport corridors can provide essential wildlife habitat. For instance our sister Wildlife Trust in Yorkshire is promoting a project to maximise their value. We would strongly recommend some form of green link be provided along the southern development boundary.

#### Modification sought

Provision of green infrastructure link along the railway line under the 'key development requirements'.

#### Policy 4 Awsworth Site Allocation

A substantial population of common toad (Local Biodiversity Action Plan Priority species and NERC Act species of principal importance in England) was known to be present in the vicinity of the allocated site. We are aware that toad tunnels, which we understand have not been maintained, were installed underneath the Awsworth Bypass, to allow toads to migrate between breeding habitat (Nottingham Canal) and fields on the opposite side of the new bypass. Potentially, the fields subject to this allocation still provide terrestrial habitat for common toad, should they still occur. We would recommend surveys for common toad and other wildlife, possible reinstatement of toad tunnels (if required). Due to it's greenfield nature and strong hedgerow network, we think the land could provide habitat for many other species.

Common Toad is considered a biodiversity asset under policy 31, as they are a species of concern in the Notts Biodiversity Action Plan.

Should this species be subject to further adverse impacts, we would consider the policy unsound as it is not consistent with local (Policy 17 of ACS) and national policy (NPPF para 118).

#### Modification sought

We would wish to see removal of this allocation. If the allocation is to remain, provision of substantial green infrastructure, incorporation of existing hedges and retention of some meadows (quantity defined) and protection of common toads, should they still occur.

#### **Policy 5 Brinsley Site Allocation**

We would have preferred to have seen the alternative site included (option 2) rather this one (option 1) for the reasons provided in our response to the Brinsley Alternative Site Consultation February 2017:

"Option 1 is located immediately adjacent to Brinsley Headstocks Local Nature Reserve and associated Local Wildlife Sites, Brinsley Brook Grassland LWS (5/2302) and Brinsley Headstocks LWS (5/3405), which are identified for their botanical interest. The wildlife value of Brinsley Headstocks, which has been well recorded, may be harmed by any substantial increases in recreational use, which would be inevitable if Option 1 is taken forward.

The LNR and adjacent land is considered locally by members of the Friends Group and others who carry out regular birdwatching locally, as being more valuable for birds. This is certainly likely because the LNR itself supports more structural diversity in its habitats, with areas of woodland, plantation, hedges alongside meadows and the Brinsley Brook These features are largely lacking from land within Option 2, which is predominantly arable. The LNR currently has good, strong habitat connectivity along the brook and to Saints Coppice to the north, which could be adversely affected by built development if Option 1 is taken forward.

Option 1 contains areas of permanent grassland whereas the majority of land within option 2 is mainly arable, which contains no known botanical interest is less valuable in wildlife terms, apart from hedges which we would like to see sensitively retained within any development".

Local residents have reported that the fields in the vicinity of the Brinsley allocation included in the current consultation support a number of wintering farmland bird species. We are also concerned about possible hydrological impacts on the Brinsley Brook. As this allocation is within the catchment for the watercourse there is the potential for adverse impacts on the ecology of the brook due to increased runoff rates, contamination (directly or indirectly, via any new drains) etc.

#### Modification sought

Replace this site allocation with 'option 2'.

#### **Policy 6 Eastwood Site Allocation**

Walker Street Eastwood is an important Green Space in the centre of Eastwood. Whilst we welcome retention of 'Canyons' as open space, we would wish to see Green Infrastructure/ habitat corridors enhanced throughout the site.

#### Modification sought

Include a commitment to provide GI links across the wider site.



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#### Policy 7.1 Land south of Kimberley Depot

We find proposals to develop the exiting built up part of the site acceptable but are concerned about the impact on wildlife arising from loss of surrounding farmland and plantation woodland. Kimberley Disused Railway, on the southern boundary, is a LWS and important wildlife corridors, which should be adequately buffered from any development.

#### Modification sought

If this allocation is to remain, we would like to see a statement about extent of developable area, ideally limiting it to the existing built up part of the site. It is important that the allocation is sensitive to, and secures future positive management of the LWS.

#### Policy 7.2 Land south of Eastwood Road Kimberley

We consider this is an important area of remnant fields on the edge of urban area which, when considered with the adjacent woodland, is an important wildlife corridor. We would be concerned about inclusion of the site as an allocation.

Modification sought Site to be excluded.

#### Policy 17 Place-making, Design and Amenity

#### We **support** the inclusion of 1(n - p):

"n). Incorporates ecologically sensitive design, with a high standard of planting and features for biodiversity; and

o). Uses native species of trees, shrubs and wild-flower seeds in landscaping proposals; and

p). Integrates bat and/or bird boxes into the fabric of new buildings".

#### Modification sought

Under n) adding reference to following:

- green walls,
- brown and green roofs,
- ecologically designed / focused suds schemes,
- features to assist permeability for wildlife through the built environment (e.g. gaps under fences for hedgehogs).

Under p) adding a reference to insect houses.

The policy should raise future responsibilities and funding mechanisms for management of habitats / informal open spaces. The developer should cover the costs for management of habitats in perpetuity, so that it does not fall to Broxtowe Borough Council to pay for this.

#### Policy 19 Pollution, Hazardous Substances and Ground Conditions

Sub section 1b). "Lighting schemes unless they are designed to use the minimum amount of lighting necessary to achieve their purposes and to minimise any adverse effects beyond the site, including effects on the amenity of local residents, the darkness of the local area and nature conservation (especially bats and invertebrates)".

We **support** inclusion of point in relation to darkness and nature conservation.

#### Policy 27 Local Green Space

We strongly **support** this policy and welcome inclusion of the sites listed. Protection of the sites around Bramcote Hills Park and wood, Stapleford Wood and the Bramcote Schools (section 3 relating to land east and west of Coventry Lane) is welcome, as these are very important wildlife sites with historic / cultural interest.

In terms of policy wording, we are concerned about inclusion of '*exceptional circumstances*' clause, as this will undermine the policy protection.

Paragraph 28.2 states, "The greatest opportunities for enhancing the corridors will come through development, and the Council intends to work with developers to create and maintain new spaces and to improve connectivity. The details of these opportunities for enhancement will depend on the characteristics of the corridors concerned".

Development certainly creates opportunities for enhancing corridors but we would question whether it creates the 'greatest opportunities'. Many of the corridors are in the rural landscape, not through areas allocated for potential development and significant opportunities exist through working with existing landowners and farmers, in relation to improving existing Rights of Way or strengthening important landscape features and wildlife habitats, such as hedgerows, woodlands and field margins.

Green infrastructure corridors need to be of a reasonable, specified width to be viable; otherwise they will fail to function in ecological terms. Without specified widths there is the danger the corridors will be narrow as developers will naturally seek to maximise the size of the new built development. We have carried out some research on what is considered viable widths of green corridors. In summary:

- "Corridors should be preserved, enhanced and provided, [.....], as they permit certain species to thrive where they otherwise would not. Corridors should be as wide and continuous as possible" (Dawson, 1994).
- 50m buffers [are] recommended for developments in the Local Plans of both Wakefield & Darlington Councils to protect local wildlife sites and / or river corridors.
- A 50m width allows corridors to function as a 'multi-purpose network', as defined in NECR 180, so that it includes attributes that are valuable to people, i.e. biodiversity alongside amenity, footpaths, cycleways, sustainable drainage, microclimate improvement, heritage [etc.]
- Quadrat Scotland 2002 (Appendix 1). For connectedness, to be defined as 'high' (on scale high, medium, low), the corridor needs to be at least 50m wide for more than 50% of the corridor

#### <u>References</u>

- Dawson, D. 1994. Are Habitat Corridors Conduits for Animals and Plants in a Fragmented Landscape? A Review of the Scientific Evidence. English Nature Research Reports
- Wakefield Consultation on spatial strategy: Wakefield Council Spatial Policy Areas
- Darlington consultation on draft housing allocations: Darlington Council Housing Allocations report
- Natural England Commissioned Report NECR180 (2015). Econets, landscape & people: Integrating people's values and cultural ecosystem services.



Nottinghamshire Wildlife Trust



Website www.nottinghamshirewildlife.org

**President** Sir Andrew Buchanan Bt.

Registered Charity No. 224168R A company limited by guarantee. Registered in England No. 748865.  Quadrat Scotland (2002) The network of wildlife corridors and stepping stones of importance to the biodiversity of East Dunbartonshire. Scottish Natural Heritage Commissioned Report

Modification sought

Removal of "*except in very special circumstances*" from the final sentence of the policy wording.

State that development provides opportunities for enhancing corridors, but remove (development) 'provides *the greatest'*.

State that corridors must be at least 50 metres wide to be considered beneficial and viable for wildlife.

#### Policy 28 Green Infrastructure Assets

We strongly **support** this policy and welcome that "Development proposals which are likely to lead to increased use of any of the Green Infrastructure Assets listed below, as shown on the Policies Map, will be required to take reasonable opportunities to enhance the Green Infrastructure Asset(s)".

#### Policy 29: Cemetery extensions

We **support** this policy and welcome that the potential biodiversity value of new proposed cemeteries has been recognised in the supporting text.

#### Policy 31: Biodiversity Assets

In terms of defining biodiversity assets, 1b "*Priority habitats and priority species* (as identified in the Nottinghamshire Local Biodiversity Action Plan and section 4.5 of the Green Infrastructure Strategy)", whilst we welcome inclusion of the reference to Nottinghamshire LBAP, we consider that the definition of biodiversity assets is missing the following:

1. Any reference to UK priority species and habitats (formerly called UK BAP priority species and habitats). Section 41 of the Natural Environmental and Rural Communities (NERC) Act 2006 identifies these and they may be found both within or outside designated sites. Priority species correspond to those identified under Section 41 of the NERC Act as species of principal importance for the conservation of biodiversity in England and have to be considered under planning policy.

2. Any reference to protected species. This is different from priority species list (although some priority species may also be protected).

Due to lack of reference to S41 species and habitat NERC Act and Biodiversity Duty, Legally protected species we consider the policy is not sound as it is not consistent with local (Policy 17 of ACS) and national policy (Biodiversity paras).

#### Modification sought

Inclusion of a reference to NERC Act (species and habitats of principal importance) and legally protected species.

We also consider there is a requirement for a Biodiversity SPD to help protect Broxtowe's important nature sites, habitat and species and would like to see a commitment to produce one made in the LPP2 main document. A Biodiversity SPD would also help the council to secure its aspirations set out in the Green Infrastructure Strategy and Nature Conservation Strategy.

#### **Policy 32: Developer Contributions**

We welcome that financial contributions may be sought for biodiversity for applications of 10 or more houses and therefore **support** the policy in this respect.

In terms of question 5 on the response form (participation at public inquiry), if we have resources available at the time of the hearings, we would be happy to attend public examination sessions. In any case, we are happy to be contacted by the Planning Policy Team regarding future consultations and would welcome email correspondence in connection with this and future consultations.

Please do not hesitate to contact me should you have any further queries.

Yours sincerely

Nottinghamshire Wildlife Trust



Nottinghamshire Wildlife Trust



Website www.nottinghamshirewildlife.org

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Protecting Wildlife for the Future

# Broxtowe Part 2 Local Plan



Agent	٦	liss
Please provide your	client's name	The British Land Company Plc
Your Details		
Title		
Name		
Organisation (if responding on behalf of the organisation)	WYG	
Address		
Postcode		
Tel. Number		
E-mail address		

## Comments should be received by 5.00pm on Friday 3<sup>rd</sup> November 2017

## If you wish to comment on several policies, paragraphs, or sites, please use a separate form for each representation.

If you would like to be contacted by the Planning Policy Team regarding future consultations.
Please tick here 🗸
Please help us save money and the environment by providing an e-mail address that correspondence
can be sent to:

# For more information including an **online response** form please visit: **www.broxtowe.gov.uk/part2localplan**

**Data Protection** - The comment(s) you submit on the Local Development Framework (LDF) will be used in the plan process and may be in use for the lifetime of the LDF in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998. The information will be analysed and the Council will consider issues raised. Please note that comments cannot be treated as confidential and will be made available for public inspection. All representations can be viewed at the Council Offices.

#### Please return completed forms to:

Planning Policy, Legal and Planning Services, Foster Avenue, Beeston, Nottingham NG9 1AB **For more information:** Tel: 0115 917 3452, 3448, 3468 or 3015 E-mail: <u>policy@broxtowe.gov.uk</u>

## Question 1: What does your comment relate to? Please specify exactly

Document	Policy number	Page number	Policy text/ Paragraph number
Part 2 Local Plan	Policy 1: Flood Risk Policy 2: Site Allocations Policy 3: Main Built up Area Site Allocations Policy 4: Awsworth Site Allocation Policy 5: Brinsley Site Allocation Policy 6: Eastwood Site Allocation Policy 7: Kimberley Site Allocations Policy 8: Development in the Green Belt Policy 9: Retention of good quality existing employment sites Policy 10: Town Centre and District Centre Uses Policy 11: The Square, Beeston Policy 12: Edge-of-Centre A1 Retail in Eastwood Policy 13: Proposals for main town centre uses in edge-of-centre and out-of-centre locations Policy 14: Centre of Neighbourhood Importance (Chilwell Road / High Road) Policy 15: Housing size, mix and choice Policy 16: Gypsies and Travellers Policy 17: Place-making, design and amenity Policy 18: Shopfronts, signage and security measures Policy 19: Pollution, Hazardous Substances and Ground Conditions Policy 22: Minerals Policy 23: Proposals affecting designated and non- designated heritage assets Policy 24: The health impacts of development Policy 25: Culture, Tourism and Sport Policy 26: Travel Plans Policy 27: Local Green Space Policy 28: Green Infrastructure Assets Policy 29: Cemetery Extensions Policy 30: Landscape Policy 31: Biodiversity Assets Policy 32: Developer Contributions		
Policies Map			
Sustainability Appraisal			
Other (e.g. omission, evidence document etc.)			

#### Question 2: What is the issue with the Local Plan?

<b>Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be:</b> (please refer to the guidance note at for an explanation of these terms)		Yes	Νο
2.1	Legally compliant		
2.2	Compliant with the duty to co-operate		
2.3	Sound		Х

## Question 3: Why is the Local Plan unsound? Please <u>only</u> answer this question if you answered 'No' to 2.3 above

If you think this paragraph or policy of the Plan is not sound, is this because:		
It is not justified	✓	
It is not effective	~	
It is not positively prepared	1	
It is not consistent with national policy	1	

#### Your comments

Please give details of why you consider this part of the Local Plan is not legally compliant, is unsound or does not comply with the duty to co operate. Alternatively, if you wish to support any of these aspects please provide details. Please be as precise as possible. Continue on an extra sheet if necessary.

#### Policy 32 (developer contributions)

Policy 32 relates to Developer Contributions and states; "1.*Financial contributions may be sought from developments of 10 or more dwellings or 1,000 square meters or more gross floorspace for provision, improvement or maintenance, where relevant, of; a) affordable housing, b); health, c) community facilities, d) green space, e) biodiversity, f) education; and g) highways".* 

The 2010 CIL Regs, Reg 122 which relates to the limitation on use of planning obligations, states:

"(2) A planning obligation may only constitute a reason for granting planning permission for the development if the obligation is — (a) necessary to make the development acceptable in planning terms; (b) directly related to the development; and (c) fairly and reasonably related in scale and kind to the development".

In view of this, we fundamentally question the need for a threshold to be stated within the policy, given the statutory need to consider the above. Only if obligations are necessary should they be imposed regardless of the size or types of development.

In addition, BL object to the sole focus on financial contributions within the policy wording. Planning obligations to mitigate any unacceptable impact of the development can equally be achieved via on-site and/or off-site works.

Please set out what modification(s) you consider necessary to make the Local Plan legally compliant or sound. You will need to say why this modification will make the Local Plan legally compliant or sound. It will be helpful if you are able to put forward your suggested revised wording of any policy or text. Please be as precise as possible. Continue on an extra sheet if necessary.

#### Question 4 Modifications Sought

#### Policy 32 (developer contributions obligations)

"1. Financial contributions <u>obligations</u> may be sought from development<del>s</del> of 10 or more dwellings or 1,000 square meters or more gross floorspace for provision, improvement or maintenance, where relevant, of; <u>where;</u>

<u>a)necessary to make the development acceptable in planning terms;</u> <u>b)directly related to the development; and</u> <u>c)fairly and reasonably related in scale and kind to the development."</u>

**Please note** your representation should cover succinctly all the information, evidence and supporting information necessary to support/justify the representation and the suggested modification, as there will not normally be a subsequent opportunity to make further representations based on the original representation at publication stage. After this stage, further submissions will be only at the request of the Inspector, based on the matters and issues he/she identifies for examination.

#### **Question 5: Public Examination Attendance**

If your representation is seeking a modification, do you consider it necessary to participate at the public examination?		
Yes, I wish to participate at the public examination		
No, I do not wish to participate at the public examination	Х	
If you wish to participate at the public examination, please outline why you consider this necessary	to be	

**Please note** the Inspector will determine the most appropriate procedure to adopt to hear those who have indicated that they wish to participate at the public examination.

#### **Guidance Note:**

Please complete a separate form for each representation you wish to make.

#### 'Legally Compliant':

If your response relates to <u>the way in which the plan has been prepared</u>, then this is likely to relate to whether it or not it is 'Legally Compliant'. To be 'Legally Compliant', the Local Plan has to be prepared in accordance within the 'Duty to Cooperate' and legal and procedural requirements. These are set out by legislation in the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 (as amended). If you think that we have not met the legal requirement in the preparation of the Local Plan, please use the response form to tell us what we have not done or what we have done incorrectly.

#### 'Compliant with the Duty to Co-operate':

If your response relates to **the way in which we have worked with other authorities** then this is likely to relate to the '**Duty to Co-operate**'.

The 'Duty to Co-operate' places a legal duty on Local Planning Authorities, County Councils and certain public bodies to engage constructively, actively, and on an on-going basis, to maximise the effectiveness of Local Plan preparation in the context of strategic cross-boundary matters. The 'Duty to Co-operate' is not a duty to agree. However, Local Planning Authorities should make every effort to secure the necessary co-operation on strategic cross-boundary matters before they submit their Local Plan for examination.

#### 'Sound'

If your response is about the <u>content</u> of the Local Plan and the strategy it adopts, then it is likely to relate to whether or not the Local Plan is '**Sound**'.

To meet the 'Test of Soundness', the independent Planning Inspector is required to consider whether or not our Local Plan is '**justified**', '**effective**', has been '**positively prepared**', and is '**consistent with national policy**'. You may wish to consider the following before making a representation on the 'Soundness' of our Local Plan:

- **'Justified':** This means that the Local Plan is based upon a robust and credible evidence base. If you think that the evidence doesn't support the choice made in our Local Plan, or there are realistic alternatives, then your comments may relate to whether or not it is 'justified'.
- **'Effective':** This means that the Local Plan will deliver what it sets out to. If you think that what we are proposing in the Local Plan is not deliverable, then your comments may relate to whether or not our Local Plan is 'effective'.
- **'Positively Prepared':** This means the Local Plan should be prepared based on a strategy which seeks to meet objectively assessed development and infrastructure requirements, including unmet requirements from neighbouring authorities where it is reasonable to do so and consistent with achieving sustainable development.
- 'Consistent with National Policy': Do you consider that our Local Plan accords with the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and other policies, or includes clear and convincing reasons for doing something different?

For further guidance or assistance, please contact the **Planning Policy Team** on **0115 917 3452** or by emailing <u>policy@broxtowe.gov.uk</u>.



## **Broxtowe Borough Council**

Part 2 Local Plan (Publication Version) Written Representations

On behalf of J McCann & Co (Nottingham) Ltd

November 2017



## **Quality Control**

Project No.	P&DG/13.039			
Title	Part 2 Local Plan (Publication Version)			
Location	Broxtowe Borough Council			
File reference	13.052/Representations			
Issue	Date	Prepared By	Reviewed By	Authorised by
1	2 <sup>nd</sup> November 2017	AG	BW	BW



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### 1 Introduction and Executive Summary

- 1.1 This statement of written representations is prepared by Planning and Design Group (UK) Ltd and made on behalf of our client J McCann & Co (Nottingham) Limited in response to Broxtowe Borough Council's consultation on the emerging Part 2 Local Plan (Publication Version).
- 1.2 We welcome the opportunity to respond to this stage of consultation on the Local Plan and recognise the critical importance of establishing an appropriate, legally compliant and sound policy framework for Broxtowe at this point of Local Plan process. As such our comments are structured around relevant policy areas and focus on the soundness and legal compliance of the emerging Local Plan document.
- 1.3 These representations have direct regard to land proposed for allocation to the west of Coventry Lane for up to 240 dwellings through Policy 3.4 Stapleford (west of Coventry Lane) of the emerging Part 2 Local Plan.
- 1.4 We make these representations in the context of seeking to work with the Council both now and in the future to ensure that an effective and deliverable plan for Broxtowe is achieved.
- 1.5 In summary, we find a large number of the proposed modifications sound and warrant our support. Notwithstanding some concern about the wider trajectory of housing land supply, we fully support and welcome the allocation of land to west of Coventry Lane as a sustainable housing site. This allocation will provide enhanced land owner and developer assurance moving forward to deliver the site and in turn boost the housing supply in Stapleford and Broxtowe. This is in the interest of producing a sound and effective Local Plan which delivers on the Spatial Strategy of the adopted 2014 Aligned Core Strategy.
- 1.6 We do hold concern over certain areas of policy wording which relate particularly to the delivery and implementation of housing development. However, we consider that these concerns can be addressed by amends and additions to assure their justification and overall soundness.



### 2 Policy 2: Site Allocations

- 2.1 In principle Policy 2: Site Allocations is considered **sound** as it directly supports the provision of new homes against the identified need for 6,150 new dwellings in Broxtowe over the life of the Local Plan. The allocation of sites is absolutely critical in the adoption of a plan-led approach in line with paragraph 196 of the National Planning Policy Framework ('NPPF'). This is particularly whereby the designation of land for development through Local Plans provides significantly enhanced land owner and developer confidence in bringing forward sites for development.
- 2.2 As such the Part 2 Local Plan should be seen as a critical tool in supporting market confidence in housing delivery and, in turn, boosting the number of sustainable new homes delivered.



## 3 Policy 3.4: Main Built up Area Site Allocations, Stapleford (west of Coventry Lane)

- 3.1 The defined Main Built-up Area (MBA), which includes Stapleford and adjoins Nottingham, is designated as a very sustainable location for housing growth in the spatial hierarchy of the Aligned Core Strategy. Therefore, the MBA as a whole is allocated a distributed target to deliver 3,800 dwellings as a part of Broxtowe's overall identified housing need. The prompt delivery of these dwellings will be critical in addressing the overall need for housing in Broxtowe.
- 3.2 The need for all forms of new housing across the country is well documented and is supported in the 2012 National Planning Policy Framework ('NPPF'). It indicates that providing the housing supply to meet the needs of current and future generations is a key aspect of sustainable development and the plan making process.
- 3.3 In light of this housing need across Broxtowe and the MBA the allocation of land to the west of Coventry Land through Policy 3.4 is considered **sound** as the site will effectively and positively contribute to the delivery of new homes.
- 3.4 We welcome the allocation and identification of the site as a sustainable allocation for the delivery of up to 240 dwellings. The site is positively identified for its ability to provide enhanced Green Infrastructure corridors, improve pedestrian and traffic flows alongside providing a tranquillity buffer between Stapleford Hill and the crematorium.
- 3.5 Policy 3.4 also states that 'this allocation has significant housing and health objective benefits with only a very minor green objective disbenefit'. Furthermore, the Site Selection Document Main Report (2017) in support of the emerging Part 2 Local Plan identifies that the site as 'one of the most sustainable sites to be allocated when compared to reasonable alternatives' and notes the sites excellent performance in in the Sustainability Assessment exercise.
- 3.6 We also note that the proposed trajectory of housing supply for the MBA represents, positively, a high proportion of site allocations. This includes land to the west of Coventry Lane. As such less reliance is placed on SHLAA sites which, although reflecting an indicative trajectory of housing supply, do not offer the same level of specificity and



deliverability as site allocations. We refer also in this instance to Table 4: Housing Trajectory on p.75 of the Part 2 Local Plan.

- 3.7 The Part 2 Local Plan is required to act as the delivery tool for Broxtowe's adopted spatial growth strategy and as such site allocations form an essential part of this. In all 14 housing sites are allocated in the MBA area delivering a total of 2,729 dwellings. This reflects an effective and significant 72% contribution to the 3,800 dwellings required across the MBA.
- 3.8 Site allocations act to reduce the level of more speculative development proposals and work in the interests of pursuing a robust, plan-led approach to the housing delivery. In the absence of this approach site delivery is liable of becoming more *ad hoc* in nature, which then presents the risks of ongoing shortfalls in the delivery of new dwellings.
- 3.9 The current deficit in housing land and delivery shortfall across Broxtowe makes this context and need for housing more pressing. This is highlighted in the most recent SHLAA document which states that the Council can only evidence 3.6 years' worth of housing land supply for the period April 2017 and March 2022. In addition, and to be factored into the five-year housing land supply position, is the current delivery shortfall of 956 dwellings, prompting the addition of a 20% buffer. The allocation of land to the west of Coventry Lane will therefore directly support the delivery of housing against this shortfall in turn make a significant contribution to the delivery of a sound Part 2 Local Plan.



## 4 Policy 15: Housing Size, Mix and Choice

4.1 Paragraph 8 of Policy 15 is considered **unsound** as it is unjustified in the current regulatory and evidence context. Specifically, the paragraph states that:

'For developments of more than 20 dwellings, at least 5% of provision should be in the form of serviced plots for self-build or custom-build, and/or custom-build homes by other delivery routes.'

- 4.2 Whilst the associated Self-build and Custom Housebuilding 2016 regulations have brought about requirements on Local Authorities to maintain an active register of interested parties there is no necessity to mandate a certain proportion of self or custom-build plots at a site level. Instead the register should act as a general indicator of demand for subsequent appropriate action or negotiation with relevant interested parties, supported by appropriate Local Plan policy leads.
- 4.3 In relation to this guidance states that:

'Local planning authorities should use the demand data from the registers in their area, supported as necessary by additional data from secondary sources... when preparing their Strategic Housing Market Assessment to <u>understand and consider</u> <u>future need for this type of housing in their area</u>.' (paragraph: 011 reference ID: 57-011-20160401)

4.4 Currently the Council display little clarity of understanding behind the 'at least' 5% self and custom-build policy stipulation on sites of over 20 dwellings. For example, neither the latest SHLAA or AMR documents display analysis or conclusions drawn from a publicly available register. This is as per related guidance:

> 'Relevant authorities are encouraged to publish, in their Authority Monitoring Report, headline data on the demand for self-build and custom housebuilding revealed by their register and other sources. This can support development opportunities for self-build and custom housebuilding by increasing awareness among landowners, builders and developers of the level and nature of demand for self-build and custom housebuilding in the local area.' (paragraph: 012 reference ID: 57-012-201707208)



4.5 Given the current lack of evidenced justification and the emphasis on the need to support, not mandate, self and custom-build housing where appropriate the current policy wording should be amended to assure soundness. The change is suggested below:

'For developments of more than 20 dwellings, a provision for serviced self-build or custom-build, and/or custom-build homes by other delivery routes will be supported where evidence indicates local demand to the site.'



## 5 Policy 17: Place-making, Design and Amenity

5.1 Paragraph 3 of Policy 17 is considered **unsound** on the basis that all Building for Life (BfL) material has been withdrawn for planning guidance purposes and therefore stipulated reference to BfL is not a justified. The relevant paragraph states that:

'In the case of major development on sites released from the Green Belt as part of this Local Plan, or the Aligned Core Strategy, or for any site within the Green Belt comprising 10 or more dwellings the development will be required to score 9 or more 'greens' in the Building for Life 12 or equivalent.'

5.2 Given the wholly unjustified nature of this paragraph we suggest its entire deletion to assure that Policy 17 is sound. Reference to wider design principles in the policy will still assure a high-quality development across Broxtowe.



### 6 Policy 32: Developer Contributions

- 6.1 The current nature of Policy 32 is considered **unsound** on the basis it will not be effective in its current form. Whist the principle of developer financial contributions is entirely sound in delivering the social and environmental infrastructure required by the Local Plan, this should be based on all relevant viability information. We consider that this includes developer viability appraisals which offer a detailed insight into site and development specific viability. Therefore, providing an open position of planning contribution negotiations where appropriate.
- 6.2 Related guidance (paragraph: 004 reference ID: 10-004-20140306) outlines that the grounding principles for understanding viability should include judgements made on all available evidence and a collaborative approach is also promoted, explicitly involving developers and landowners. This is in the interests of understanding development scheme deliverability and viability in an appropriately transparent context.
- 6.3 Guidance also states that whilst viability appraisals at a site level may not always be appropriate an understanding of site specific related viability is important. Outlining that:

'Where the deliverability of the development may be compromised by the scale of planning obligations and other costs, a viability assessment may be necessary. This should be informed by the particular circumstances of the site and proposed development in question. Assessing the viability of a particular site requires more detailed analysis than at plan level.' (paragraph: 016 reference ID: 10-016-20140306).

6.4 Therefore, in the interests of promoting a greater understanding of viability and creating a more effective policy we suggest adding reference to the submission of viability appraisals. With wording in an additional paragraph to the effect of:

> 'Financial contributions will be sought and established through a process of negotiation including, where appropriate, reference to a submitted viability appraisal.'



### 7 Conclusion

- 7.1 As outlined within this statement we consider that there are areas of the emerging Part 2 Local Plan that contain a number of sound proposals that warrant our support. Particularly in relation to current site allocations in the interests of delivering the defined Spatial Strategy and the specific allocation of land to the west of Coventry Lane through Policy 3.4.
- 7.2 However, we have highlighted where some elements of proposed planning policy are considered unsound and should be amended accordingly through the examination process. This is particularly in relation to policy areas linked the delivery and implementation of housing development. As such their amendment will be important in assuring the rapid adoption of the Part 2 Local Plan and subsequently boosting the supply of much needed housing in Broxtowe.



Planning and Design Group (UK) Limited

# Broxtowe Part 2 Local Plan

#### Agent

Please provide your	r client's name	
Your Details		
Title	Mr Mrs Miss Ms Other:	
Name	DAVID PEARSON	Broxtowe Borough Council
Órganisation (If responding on behalf of the organisation)		Planning & Community Development
Address		- 3 NOV 2017
Postcode		
Tel. Number		
E-mail address		

Policy 32

170 -171

## Comments should be received by 5.00pm on Friday 3rd November 2017

If you wish to comment on several policies, paragraphs, or sites, please use a separate form for each representation.

If you would like to be contacted by the Planning Policy Team regarding future consultations.	
Please tick here	
Please help us	dence
can be sent to:	

## For more information including an online response form please visit:

## www.broxtowe.gov.uk/part2localplan

Data Protection - The comment(s) you submit on the Local Development Framework (LDF) will be used in the plan process and may be in use for the lifetime of the LDF in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998. The information will be analysed and the Council will consider issues raised. Please note that comments cannot be treated as confidential and will be made available for public inspection. All representations can be viewed at the Council Offices.

#### Please return completed forms to:

Planning Policy, Legal and Planning Services, Foster Avenue, Beeston, Nottingham NG9 1AB For more information: Tel: 0115 917 3452, 3448, 3468 or 3015 E-mail: <u>policy@broxtowe.gov.uk</u>

### Question 1: What does your comment relate to? Please specify exactly

Document	Policy number	Page number	Policy text/ Paragraph number
	Policy 1: Flood Risk Policy 2: Site Allocations		
	Policy 3: Main Built up Area Site Allocations		
	Policy 5: Brinsley Site Allocation		
	Policy 6: Eastwood Site Allocation Policy 7: Kimberley Site Allocations		
	Policy 8: Development in the Green Belt		
	Policy 9: Retention of good quality existing		
	employment sites Policy 10: Town Centre and District Centre Uses		
	Policy 11: The Square, Beeston		
	Policy 12: Edge-of-Centre A1 Retail in Eastwood Policy 13: Proposals for main town centre uses in		
Local Plan	edge-of-centre and out-of-centre locations		
_ <u></u>	Policy 14: Centre of Neighbourhood Importance (Chiiwell Road / High Road)		
Ca	Policy 15: Housing size, mix and choice		
Ŏ	Policy 16: Gypsies and Travellers		
21	Policy 17: Place-making, design and amenity Policy 18: Shopfronts, signage and security measures		
art	Policy 19: Pollution, Hazardous Substances and		
Ра	Ground Conditions		
	Policy 20: Air Quality Policy 21: Unstable land		
	Pollcy 22: Minerals		
	Policy 23: Proposals affecting designated and non- designated heritage assets		
	Policy 24: The health impacts of development		
	Policy 25: Culture, Tourism and Sport		
	Policy 26: Travel Plans Policy 27: Local Green Space		
	Policy 28: Green Infrastructure Assets		
	Pollcy 29: Cemetery Extensions		
	Policy 30: Landscape		
	Policy 31: Biodiversity Assets Policy 32: Developer Contributions	P. 170-171	
Policies Map			
Sustainability Appraisal			
Other (e.g. omission, evidence document etc.)			

Please use a separate sheet of paper if required. Please use one form per representation.

#### Question 2: What is the issue with the Local Plan?

Do you consider this paragraph or policy of the Local Plan to be: (please refer to the guidance note at for an explanation of these terms)		Yes	No
2.1	Legally compliant		
2.2	Compliant with the duty to co-operate		
2.3	Sound		V

## Question 3: Why is the Local Plan unsound? Please only answer this question if you answered 'No' to 2.3 above

If you think this paragraph or policy of the Plan is not sound, is this	because:
It is not justified	
It is not effective	
It is not positively prepared	
It is not consistent with national policy	

#### Your comments

Please give details of why you consider this part of the Local Plan is not legally compliant, is unsound or does not comply with the duty to co-operate. Alternatively, if you wish to support any of these aspects please provide details. Please be as precise as possible. Continue on an extra sheet if necessary.

Policy 32: Developer Contributions This policy only warrants less than haff a page : So is it really a policy 16 merel details when financial contributions are sought from the developer. I have always had concerns about how this is Decided and where the money is actually spent.

#### **Question 4: Modifications sought**

Please set out what modification(s) you consider necessary to make the Local Plan legally compliant or sound. You will need to say why this modification will make the Local Plan legally compliant or sound. It will be helpful if you are able to put forward your suggested revised wording of any policy or text. Please be as precise as possible. Continue on an extra sheet if necessary.

There needs to be written into this policy, a clear indication that the developers contributions on section 106, will be spent in the area where the development is taking place. Whilst this should happen, I am not convinced this has always happened in the past, and there needs to be a clear commitment under policy 32 that this will happen in the future.

Please note your representation should cover succinctly all the information, evidence and supporting information necessary to support/justify the representation and the suggested modification, as there will not normally be a subsequent opportunity to make further representations based on the original representation at publication stage. After this stage, further submissions will be only at the request of the inspector, based on the matters and issues he/she identifies for examination.

#### **Question 5: Public Examination Attendance**

If your representation is seeking a modification, do you consider it necessary to participate at the public examination? Yes, I wish to participate at the public examination No, I do not wish to participate at the public examination If you wish to participate at the public examination, please outline why you consider this to be necessary Residents are often concerned that developer contributions are not spent "locally". I wish to highlight these concerns at the public examination and try to ensure that developer contributions are spent at least near to the vicinity of any Intug development.

Please note the Inspector will determine the most appropriate procedure to adopt to hear those who have indicated that they wish to participate at the public examination.

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